THE COLUMBIAN,
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)
Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

TWO DOLLARS per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance —$2 24 if not paid in advance and $3.00 if payment be delayed beyond the year.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. B. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1878.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XII, NO. 21
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLII, NO. 69

RATES OF ADVERTISING

SPACE.	1M.	2M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.00	$2.50	$3.00	$5.00	$8.00
Two inches	3.00	4.00	5.00	8.00	12.00
Three inches	4.00	4.00	7.00	[illegible]	[illegible]
Four inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	[illegible]	[illegible]
Quarter column	6.00	8.00	10.00	[illegible]	[illegible]
Half column	10.00	12.00	15.00	[illegible]	[illegible]
One column	20.00	25.00	30.00	[illegible]	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—I. K. Krickbaum, F. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—B. Frank Zarr.
Court Stenographer—S. N. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—John M. Clark.
Sheriff—John W. Hoffman.
Surveyor—Isaac Dewitt.
Treasurer—Dr. H. W. McReynolds.
Commissioners—John Herner, S. W. McHenry, Joseph Sands.
Commissioners' Clerk—William Krickbaum.
Auditors—M. V. B. Kline, J. B. Casey, E. B. Brown.
Coroner—Charles G. Murphy.
Jury Commissioners—Eli Robbins, Theodore W. Smith.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—R. S. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Reece, Scott, Secretary.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

President of Town Council—D. Lowenberg.
Clerk—W. Wirt.
Chief of Police—M. C. Woodward.
President of Gas Company—S. Knorr.
Secretary—C. W. Miller.
Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Grotz, Cashier.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President, J. P. Tustin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. B. Robison, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. Brower, President, C. G. Barkley, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. G. D. S. Marclay.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7½ clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. N. S. Buckingham.
Minister—Rev. M. L. Smyser.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. G. D. Gurley.
Residence—Central Hotel.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—Rev. L. Zahner.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser.
Minister—Rev. J. A. Irvine.
Sunday Service—3 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Meets in "the little Brick Church on the hill,"—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3½ o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street, corner Jefferson.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

BUSINESS CARDS.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law
Increase of Pensions obtained, Collections made.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 11, 1878

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar.27,'74— Bloomsburg, Pa.

SAMUEL KNORR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office, Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law,
Increase of Pensions Obtained, Collections Made.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
aug 24, '77-1y.

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe

C. R. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—In Harman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. H. LITTLE. ROB'T. R. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. —36

HERVEY E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in A. J. EVAN'S NEW BUILDING,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Member of Commercial Law and Bank Collection Association. Oct 14, '77-tf

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1, Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. ABBOTT. W. H. RHAWN.
ABBOTT & RHAWN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
CATAWISSA, PA.
Pensions obtained. dec 21, '77-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. HOWELL,
DENTIST.
Office in Hartman's Block, second floor, corner Main and Market Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
May 26-1y.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. Y. KESTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
over MAIZE'S STORE, Bloomsburg, Pa.
april 19, 1878.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE CO.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
The assets of these old corporations are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of Fire only.
Moderate lines on the best risks are alone accepted.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Penn'a.
The citizens of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are adjusted and paid by one of their own citizens. nov.16, '77-1y

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,100,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
	$60,671,000

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg.
March 26,'77-y

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
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oct. 26, '77-1y.

CATAWISSA.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

AUG. L. KAUB. JNO. E. FRYMIER. CHAS. B. EDWARDS.
WM. R. HAGENBUCH,
WITH
Kaub, Frymier & Edwards,
(Successors to Benedict Dorsey & Sons, 923 Market street.
Importers and dealers in
CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,
923 Market Street, Philadelphia.
Constantly on hand Original and Assorted Packages
June 29, '77-1y

Orangeville Academy.

REV. C. K. CANFIELD, A. M., Principal.
If you want to patronize a
FIRST CLASS SCHOOL,
WHERE BOARD AND TUITION ARE LOW,
give us a trial.
Next term begins
MONDAY, APRIL 15, 1878
For information or catalogue apply to
THE PRINCIPAL,
July 27, '77-1y Orangeville, Pa.

The Seaside Library.

Choice books no longer for the few only. The best standard novels within the reach of every one. Books usually sold from $1 to $3 given (unchanged and unabridged) for 10 and 20 cents.

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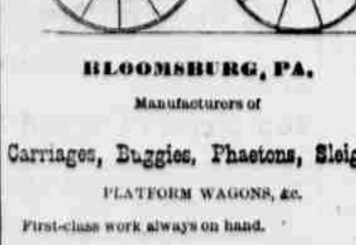
GEORGE MUNRO, Publisher,
P. O. Box 5657. 21, 23 and 25, Vandewater st., N. Y.
aug 3, '77-6m

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.,



BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturers of
Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs,
PLATFORM WAGONS, &c.
First-class work always on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times.
Jan. 5, 1877-tf

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
ROWELL & CHESMAN
Advertising Agents,
THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, Mo.

VEGETINE.
Her Own Words.
BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 13, 1877.
Mr. H. R. Stevens,
Dear Sir,—Since several years I have got a sore and very painful foot. I had some physicians, but they couldn't cure me. Now I have heard of your Vegetine from a lady who was sick for a long time, and became all well from your Vegetine, and I went and bought me one bottle of Vegetine; and after I had used one bottle, the pains left me, and it began to heal, and then I bought one other bottle, and so I take it yet. I thank God for this remedy and yourself; and wishing every sufferer may pay attention to it. It is a blessing for health.
MRS. C. KRABE, 638 West Baltimore street.

VEGETINE
Safe and Sure.
MR. H. R. STEVENS.
In 1872 your Vegetine was recommended to me, and yielding to the persuasions of a friend, I consented to try it. At the time I was suffering from general debility and nervous prostration, superinduced by overwork and irregular habits. Its wonderful strengthening and curative properties seemed to affect my debilitated system from the first dose; and under its persistent use I rapidly recovered, gaining more than usual health and good feeling. Since then I have not hesitated to give Vegetine my most unqualified indorsement, as being a safe, sure, and powerful agent in promoting health and restoring the wasted system to new life and energy. Vegetine is the only medicine I use; and as long as I live I never expect to find a better.
Yours truly, W. H. CLARK,
120 Montgomery street, Allegheny, Penn.

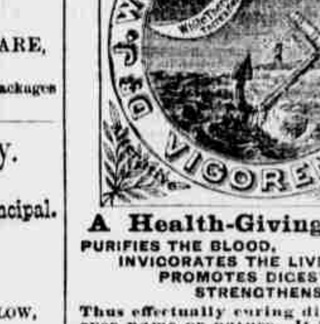
VEGETINE
The Best Spring Medicine.
CHARLESTOWN.
H. R. Stevens.
Dear Sir,—This is to certify that I have used your "Blood Preparation" in my family for several years, and think that for Scrofula or Cankerous Humors or Rheumatic affections it cannot be excelled; and as a blood purifier and spring medicine it is the best thing I have ever used, and I have used almost everything. I can cheerfully recommend it to any one in need of such a medicine.
Yours respectfully,
MRS. A. A. DINSMORE, 19 Russel street.

VEGETINE
What is Needed.
BOSTON, Feb. 13, 1871.
H. R. Stevens, Esq.
Dear Sir,—About one year since I found myself in a feeble condition from general debility. Vegetine was strongly recommended to me by a friend who had been much benefited by its use. I procured the article, and, after using several bottles, was restored to health, and discontinued its use. I feel quite confident that there is no medicine superior to it for those complaints for which it is especially prepared, and would cheerfully recommend it to those who feel that they need something to restore them to perfect health.
Respectfully yours, U. L. PETTENGILL,
Firm of S. M. Pettengill & Co.,
No. 10 State st., Boston.

VEGETINE.
All Have Obtained Relief.
SOUTH BERWICK, ME., Jan. 17, 1872.
H. R. Stevens, Esq.
Dear Sir,—I have had dyspepsia in its worst form for the last ten years, and have taken hundreds of dollars' worth of medicines without obtaining any relief. In September last I commenced taking the Vegetine, since which time my health has steadily improved. My food digests well, and I have gained fifteen pounds of flesh. There are several others in this place taking Vegetine, and all have obtained relief.
Yours truly, THOMAS E. MOORE,
Overseer of Card Room, Portsmouth Co.'s Mills.

VEGETINE
Is Prepared by
H. R. STEVENS, Boston,
Vegetine is sold by all Druggists.

The Great New Medicine!



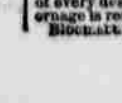
A Health-Giving Power!
PURIFIES THE BLOOD,
INVIGORATES THE LIVER,
PROMOTES DIGESTION, and
STRENGTHENS THE NERVES.
Thus effectually curing disease of whatever name or nature. It is worthy of a trial. RELIEF guaranteed.

VIGORENE
Is AGREEABLE to the taste, GRATEFUL to the stomach, and acts efficiently as a CATHARTIC, ALTERATIVE and DIURETIC. Its action is not attended with any unpleasant feeling, neither is languor nor debility experienced, but on the contrary, refreshment and invigoration.
Its immediate effect upon the digestive organs, whether impaired by disease or exhausted from any cause, is to increase their powers of assimilation and nutrition, the appetite being increased at once. To those affected with an engorged condition of the liver, as Biliousness, characterized by a dusky complexion, a coated tongue, a pasty, bad taste in the mouth, a capricious appetite and sluggish action of the bowels, with a sense of fullness in the head and of mental dullness, VIGORENE proves most valuable.
Its effect upon the kidneys is no less happy, a turbid, irritating urine is quickly cleared up by it.
Inflammatory and Chronic RHEUMATISM will soon disappear by a persistent use of VIGORENE.
For the cure of Skin Diseases and Eruptions of all kinds, VIGORENE is most certain.
VIGORENE is composed of the active properties of HERBS, ROOTS, GUMS and BARKS, that Nature alone furnishes, great care being taken by us that they are gathered at the right season of the year, and that they possess their native virtues.
That VIGORENE has the power to PURIFY THE BLOOD, INVIGORATE the LIVER, and STIMULATE the DIGESTIVE ORGANS, is indisputably proven by those who have given it a trial and have been permanently cured.
We do not ask you to try a dozen bottles to experience relief, for we GUARANTEE you will feel better from the first few doses.
VIGORENE is astonishing the world with its cures, and is throwing all other TONICS, ALTERATIVES and INVIGORANTS, into the shade. Put up in large bottles, double strength. Requires small doses, and is pleasant to take.
Price, $1.00 per Bottle.
WALKER & BADGER MFG. CO., Prop's.
83 John St., New York, and Jersey City, N. J.
"THE OBJECT OF EATING," a new book every one should read, sent free upon receipt of a one cent stamp.

For Sale at N. J. Hendershott's
DRUG STORE
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Jan.18, '78,-1y.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.
Health and Happiness are priceless Wealth to their possessors, and yet they are within the reach of every one who will use
WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS.
The only sure CURE for Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Headache, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Debility, Nausea, and all Billious complaints and Blood disorders. None genuine unless signed "Wm. Wright, Phila." If your Druggist will not supply send 25 cents for one box to Barrick, Roller & Co., 70 N. 4th st., Phila. Jan. 4, '78-1y. nr

BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.
G. A. HERRING
RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened



SNYDER'S TANNERY,
(old stand) Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Espy and Light Street roads, where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest price in cash will at all times be paid for
GREEN HIDES
of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 1, 1876.

Poetical.

HOW COME THE FLOWERS?

BY EARL MARBLE.

How come the early flowers of spring?
As comes herself my Phillis sweet.
Just in her teens, while fresh years cling
Unto her as her own gown discreet
Clings to her own dainty ankles, fain
To lengthen as the years go on,
And usher in sweet woman's dawn.
A mirror-look—ah, me! so vain!
Then shapely limbs are stockinged neat,
And slippers laced on dainty feet,
And breasts like slight-raised works on frieze
Are coyly hid 'neath white chemise;
Then, like the ghostly mists of spring,
She flits about on feet of air,
And, bluebird-like, essays to sing
Songs half-remembered in the press
Of her own sweet self-consciousness;
Then, with her wealth of gold-brown hair
She toys awhile, and coils or braids
Or curls are fixed as dainty aids
Toward that perfection she, dear girl,
Must be to be—herself, the pearl!
Then knot of ribbon bright and fair,
Makes brighter still her wealth of hair;
Then suddenly a wildering flash
Of silk appears; and then a sash
Of daring color round her waist,
Where lover's arm has ne'er been placed—
All stately now, in blossom full,
In color rich and bountiful.
So come the flowers of spring. So slow
Comes blossom-eve, you scarcely know
'Tis half so near. Like Phyllis, prim,
Sweet Nature first must get in trim;
And when a blossom first in air
She flaunts like a ribbon for her hair,
Before you know it, all around
Her dress with richness will abound,
And greens and scarlets, pinks and blues,
Shine in their freshest, brightest hues.

—*Appleton's Journal for June.*

Select Story.

THE SPHINX—A MYSTERY.

CHAPTER I.

I am by profession a barrister, and as there seems to be a popular notion that all young barristers who write their experience, or otherwise figure in polite literature, are briefless, it may be right to say that I am not altogether a briefless barrister, having held several briefs and earnestly expecting more.

My friend Charley Deben, from the city, came up to my chambers one day last December, bringing me an invitation from his family to go home with him and spend Christmas. I had been a great many times with Charley to his paternal roof tree in Essex, and I never failed to greatly enjoy myself each time. I liked the old people, and also his brothers and sisters whom I saw. They were true and natural English people, who had grown up, as it were, out of the soil like the violets by the hazel root or the May blossoms on the hedge-rows. But there was a secret which outweighed all the rest a hundredfold. Charley's grown up sister Ethel had fairly entered into possession of the vacant space in the core of my affections. The very first time I met her she exerted her peculiar influence over me. What young man does not know the tender anticipation with which he looks forward to meeting the sister of his friend, whom he has heard about more than once before in lovable terms from her brother, who already has excited a gentle interest in his breast? It was with this feeling that I first encountered Miss Ethel Deben. I had gone with Charley to his home, 'Oak Hall,' Essex, to spend a week in the wild fowl shooting, and it was then I met her for the first time. Her almost perfect features, but rich black hair, her bright complexion, her dark blue eyes in which truth and tenderness seemed mirrored, her quiet ladylike manners and sweet smile, had captivated my heart. Succeeding visits had only completed my thraldom, and her dear image was never far from my thoughts; it disputed my attention with files of parchment deeds, and perpetually intruded itself amidst dry legal clauses and references to precedents, and was as much out of place amongst them as a picture of Arcadian life in a laboratory of physical apparatus. It was rather a hopeless passion of mine, however, for Ethel Deben was not only beautiful amiable, admired, but also well dowered, and I calculated with legal acumen, but at the same time with very small satisfaction, that such a prize as she was would soon be carried off. My own circumstances were at best only promising, and I could only keep in the background while some more fortunate individual whose bread has been buttered for him by a kinder fortune, played a leading part and won the rare meed. But although I kept carefully in the background, I was only too glad to avail myself of Charley Deben's invitation to spend Christmas in her society. Like the moth, I was drawn invincibly to the candle, and so I went down with him to Oak Hall, happy to see and be near her again, but guarding myself cautiously against any betrayal of attachment.

We arrived at Oak Hall on Christmas eve. We had found a trap waiting for us at the nearest railway station, and had driven six miles in the dark, through a wooded upland country, to the house, which stood on a hill surrounded by a park with some fine old timber. It was a wet, inflated, boisterous night, and we were gratified to see the warm light of the windows of the old family home appear through trees at last. Charley urged on the horse, and we soon drew up in front of the house—a square comfortable, old red brick mansion, with a pillared portico, many plain oblong windows, tall chimney tops, and a stone coat-of-arms over the doorway. Two great cedars stood sentinel at each end, and spread their black flakes over the lawn.

Mr. Deben, a hale, hearty old gentleman, was ready to receive us at the door, and Mrs. Deben met us in the lobby, where Charley was soon engaged with his younger brothers and sisters in a scramble for presents. When I entered the drawing room I found a good number of people there, one or two of whom I had met before, and others who were strangers to me. Ethel Deben was the first to meet me and shake hands. She came forward with her usual frank manner, and at once introduced me to another smiling beauty who followed her. Miss Rose Herrick, Ethel's friend, was a fair Saxon type of beauty, all roses and little lilies and dimples. Her hair was of a flaxen brown, but soft as silk and wavy over the temples. When she laughed her blooming face was the incarnation of merriment and fun. Another of the guests to whom I was introduced for the first time was a young squire called Heywood, a fine, brown-haired, broad shouldered young fellow, with many fine brown and broad acres to match. He looked and was a good fellow. I am obliged to confess it; but I felt little desire to converse with him. The fact is, he damped my spirits for a little while. I was foolish enough to feel the slightest shade of jealousy at seeing him, without any reason, I own; but love does not wait for reasons. On calmly considering the matter, however, I forced myself to dismiss any feeling of jealousy from my mind, because I had no right to entertain it. If young Mr. Heywood admired Ethel Deben it was no business of mine. 'Let it be so,' I said to myself; and I determined to be as cheerful under the circumstances as if no thought of Ethel Deben had ever agitated my bosom. So while Heywood lounged very close to Ethel, I sat down just as close to Rose Herrick. We became friends in a moment, and very soon we were laughing gaily together over repartees that seemed to flow (at least from me) with unusual copiousness and brilliancy. The more Rose laughed at my jokes the better I was pleased; and I was not sorry to see that Mr. Heywood said little to Ethel that could be called amusing. I fear I was still jealous.

'Oh, by-the-by, Mr. Temple," said Rose to me, 'I ought to tell you—your bed room is the haunted room. Do you know there is a haunted room in this old house, with a wonderful ghost in it, or voice or something? Ethel will tell you the story. On former occasions the ghost has made its appearance, or the voice has been heard about Christmas time, so don't be surprised if you hear a queer voice talking to-night—a weird, elfin voice, complaining of its sad fate, and warning you of future ills.'

'I should like to know my future lot—at least one or two things about it. I wish some kind angel would deign to enlighten me about them. But the days of genii, and wizards, and magic glasses are past, and angels' visits are very, very few and far between.'

'Oh, no! they are not," said Rose, 'if we only had eyes to see them; you will believe me yet. But about the automaton 'Zoe?' I have never seen her yet. What is she like? They say the old automaton 'Psyche' has fallen in love with her and is quite off his head.'

CHAPTER II.

I thought very little about ghosts, or, indeed, anything else, when I got to my chamber that night. I was too tired for thinking, and very soon went to bed. Next morning was Christmas Day, and according to all immemorial legends and tales, the country ought to have been lying under a close white coverlet of snow; the holly trees, with their red berries, should have been stuffed with the powdery chrystals; and the lanes should have looked like the galleries of some ivory palace under the intricate fretwork of snow-laced boughs. But our Christmas Day was mild and balmy—a green yule. A light-grey fog lay in the hollows, a mellow sunshine enlivened the moist air, and gilded the bare twigs of the trees against the blue sky. It was a quiet, still, genial day after the boisterous night before, and there was a Sabbath calm about it in keeping with the time.

In the forenoon we all went to service in the village church. I walked there beside Miss Ethel, and returned with Miss Rose, exchanging places with Mr. Heywood. It was only a short walk across the park to the church, so we did not have much conversation; but it was a happy time for me. Ethel seemed kind, charming, and withal so sensible, that I wished the time would never change, the walk never, never come to an end. Rose was in capital humor, and asked me if I had not had any communications from the spirits during the night. I said they might have been in legions round my night cap, playing at bopeep in my ears, and pirouetting on my nose, for all I knew or cared, I was so tired out last night and had slept so soundly.

'I see you are a skeptic,' she said, 'you are spirit-proof. Even 'Allie Slade' would not convince you.'

'I am a lawyer,' I replied, 'and like to see black on white.'

'But I suppose you would be satisfied with white on black, and that is what 'Allie' would give you on her slate.'

'I think we lawyers rather exposed 'Allie's' slate writing.'

'That is a matter of opinion. You had popular prejudice on your side, and played upon it to great purpose. You couldn't explain the raps, and lights, and ringing of bells. Ah! there are more things in heaven and earth, Horatio, than are comprehended in Coke and Blackstone.' In the afternoon Charley Deben and his brother Frank, who had just come home from abroad, Mr. Heywood and I took a long walk, and returned to the hall in time to dress for dinner, which was served earlier than usual.

At dinner, I found myself between Rose Herrick and Ethel Deben. The meal was a substantial specimen of old English Christmas cheer, refined by modern taste and science. We were a merry party. Charley Deben and his brother Frank were especially entertaining. The host and hostess looked the picture of good-humored happiness; and the old vicar of the parish, with his ruddy but refined features, and thin gray locks, smiled again and again at the ready sallies of youth, and toasted Ethel with a grave but fatherly courtesy that was almost a benediction.

After dinner we had music and games, dancing and acting charades. Often during the dance my eyes furtively sought out Ethel, and stole a gaze at her radiant beauty. If her eyes chanced to turn in my direction, I was quick to lower mine or avert them. I danced several times with her, and found her ever the same; charming, gentle, natural and true, with apparently no vestige of affection in her whole demeanor. Heywood led her to the floor a great many times, and seemed very attentive to her. Her manner was at least as gracious to him as to me. If any jealous feeling crossed me, I sought out Rose Herrick as soon as I could in order to rgain a proper tone.

Supper was another meal almost as substantial as dinner. By this time the old vicar and one or two more had taken their departure, so that the party was smaller, but even more convivial. It was not very late when we broke up for the night—at least I do not think it was. When I got to the dining-room, from which my bed-room door opened, I drew an easy chair before the fire and sank into it. I was in that delicious frame of mind, induced by good cheer, well seasoned with good wine, good company, but above all with love. I was deeply in love with Ethel Deben. There was no questioning it. My chamber was a cosy, old-fashioned place, with high wainscoting of carved oak, blackened by time. There was a quaint look about the ancient place, and it seemed to me the very acme of comfort on a winter night. A fagot fire blazed and crackled cheerily in the grate, and cast bickering lights on the furniture and damask curtain hangings of the windows; for I had turned the lamp low in order to recede within my own thoughts. The wind, which had been laid all day, now began to bestir itself and hurry around the chimney tops. I felt inspired with a poem—a poem expressing my present happiness and my love. My heart struggled for utterance, and a feeling of inspiration grew upon me. I was possessed by the muse. A little writing table stood near, with writing materials all handy, and kindly provided for my use by a thoughtful hostess, or perhaps by Ethel herself. I drew it close to my elbow and prepared myself to write. The thoughts came glowing but disjointed and incoherent from my heart. I wrote them down as they came, intending to put them in verse form afterward. I wished now only to express my confessed happiness and passion, and covered sheet after sheet in a few moments with a rapidity of a short-hand writer, and then I stopped, having worked off the superabundant feeling. I began to declaim to myself what I had written and to polish it into form.

> Vision of beauty, gliding through my life,
> I began in a fine and elevated voice,
> Etherial goddess, haunting groves,
> And bringing to men lost in the earthly haze
> A glimpse of azure fields and { ivory gates / golden rivers
> In the blest regions, too much forgot,
> Divine Ethel!'

I stopped to correct this into 'Ethel divine,' and almost fancied that I heard a slight sound of mocking laughter quite close to my face. I listened, and could hardly believe my senses, but I seemed still to catch a light laugh—a faint, tiny, muffled kind of laugh, but yet perfectly distinct. It seemed to be in the air and hover over the table. There was nothing on my table but the writing paper and blotting-book, the ink-bottle, a pen-holder and a pen-wiper. The holder was a representation of Cleopatra's Needle, open at the top to insert the handles of pens; and the wiper was made up in the form of an Egyptain sphinx, and was at the same time a pin cushion. It was a neat little sphinx in dark red cloth, with a woman's head. The body served for the pin-cushion, and the pedestal for the wiper. This was all the table contained. I fancied I must have been dreaming, or perhaps I had taken too much wine. I was a sleepy fool, and ought to get off to bed as fast as possible; but the mysterious voice again seemed to break silence. This time it spoke and seemed to issue from the sphinx, whose impassive face regarded me with a calm and rigid solemnity.

'Child of mortals,' said the sphinx, 'know that the immortals brook is no comparison with things of clay. Cease thy futile ravings, thy incomprehensible cries of a passion that is as fleeting as thy ephemeral race, which is is as the grass that is cut down.'

'Who art thou?' I demanded, in a clear, but forced voice.

'I am the Oracle of Tum. I know all that is past and all that is to come. Excuse metre.'

'Wilt thou answer the questions I would put to fate?'

'I will.'

'Oracle of Tum, thou knowest I love. Deign to tell me if there is hope for me in my attachment. Answer—Aye or No!'

'Child of mortals,' replied the sphinx, 'know that there is no—Good night!' And the voice abruptly ceased.

The silence recalled me to my senses, and I was certainly surprised at myself. Was it an illusion I had suffered, such as I had often read about? Was I ill? Had the wine really gone to my head? And then I suddenly remembered Rose Herrick's banter about the haunted room. Too surely it was haunted, but by a real spirit? I was skeptical of ghosts and spiritualism; but it seemed that the superstitious dregs, which I believe exists in every man, was strangely vibrating in me now. What, if, after all, there were more things in heaven and earth than were dreamt of in my philosophy! As to the answer of the spirit, I can't say it troubled me then. I was too much concerned about my strange experience.

CHAPTER III.

Next morning when I awoke, with the genial sunshine streaming into my window, the event of the past night seemed like a curious dream or nightmare, and I almost persuaded myself that I had been the subject of some waking dream; which are common enough, although I had never experienced one myself before. Still, I was not perfectly satisfied with this explanation; the whole affair seemed to me so real. I determined, however, to say nothing about it to anybody, and when Rose Herrick twitted me again at the breakfast table about ghosts, I vowed an utter immunity from any of their clandestine visitations. I thought I observed a suppressed smile on her lips, but she only replied:

'Ah, then! Mr. Temple, I'm afraid the spirits think they will make no impression on your hard legal soul.'

I was left alone the greater part of this day—the day after Christmas. In the morning the young ladies, Miss Ethel and Miss Rose, and some of the children paid a visit to a neighboring family, Mr. Heywood driving them. Charley Deben, his brother Frank and some more went out shooting. I remained at home, having some letters to write, and wishing to be alone. I was somewhat sulky and jealous at Heywood's monopoly of Ethel during the entire day. She sat beside him on the front seat of the trap, and they went off very gaily together, Rose Herrick laughing and waving her hand back to me as I stood rather glumly at the door. I found the drawing room empty when I went indoors and was not sorry at it. I lay down on a lounge reflecting over my visit. It had been a happy one, and yet an unhappy one. In Ethel's company I was happy, and yet I was stung by the presence of Heywood, and the attentions he paid her. I reasoned with myself, and came to the conclusion that it was silly on my part, and useless to be discomfited by anything of the kind. I convinced myself that I ought to act as if she was no more to me than Rose Herrick. I was spoiling my holiday by my absurd fancies, and if I could not master myself, the sooner I left for town the better. 'Yes,' I said to myself, 'I will make my exit to-morrow, or at least as soon as I can get away.' Then I fell to thinking about my uncanny experience with the sphinx. I was not satisfied that it was an illusion of the senses, and yet I could think of no possible explanation of it. It could not be a trick, for there was no mechanism about the little table, with its slender stem and two knick-knacks. Ventriloquism was out of the question. I did not know what to make of it. It occurred to me to consult the library about 'illusions,' 'dreams,' 'spiritualism,' etc., and I went to it at once. On the library table lay a collection of newspapers and periodicals, some of which were scientific, others popular. There was an electrical journal among the former, with an illustrated cover which interested me. I took it up, and it opened at a marked page. The mystery of the sphinx was at once revealed. On this page was a diagram representing the practical use of a new invention called the telephone, an instrument for conveying actual speech by means of electricity. It was the first I had heard of the articulating telephone.

I saw it all now. Charley's brother Frank was an electrician by profession, and he had brought home with him two small American telephones. The girls had conceived the idea of tricking me by this means, and had got him to fix up a telephone wire, willfully inclosed the little instrument in the sphinx pin-cushion on the writing table. No doubt they had the other telephone at the other end of the wire in a convenient place, where they could use it without being seen or heard, and thus by speaking into it they were enabled to act the Oracle of Tum, since the telephone in the sphinx reproduced whatever sounds they made. This revelation filled me with glee and triumph. I now recollected about the laughter at the beginning, and sudden stoppage of the oracle at the end of the conversation I had had with the sphinx; and as I did not doubt that Rose Herrick played the oracle, I imagined that Ethel had suddenly ended the seance by forcibly stopping her mouth.

I went to my sitting room and examined the sphinx and table. Sure enough, I felt the hard frame of the telephone inside the pin-cushion, and traced the wire, a fine silk-covered wire, like thread, down the leg of the table, under the carpet, and up the wall, till it joined the ordinary bell wire of the room, which had been used as a part of the telephone circuit.

Evening came and the young ladies returned. I met them with my usual manner. They had had a splendid day, and so wished I had been along with them. I had quite lost myself, moping up in the house all day. The shooting party arrived soon after, and we all spent a comfortable, social evening in the drawing room, with music and conversation.

When the ladies had retired for the evening, I was not long in following suit. I went at once to my chamber, and took my seat as quietly as possible beside the little writing table, and applied my ear to the sphinx. I could hear indistinct sounds, as of speaking and occasionally a little low laughter. In a few moments the sounds became more distinct, and I heard perfectly, as well as recognized the voices of the speakers—Rose and Ethel.

'I wonder if he is in his room yet?' said Rose.

'Oh, no, he can't be,' said Ethel; 'gentlemen never break up all at once.'

'Now, Ethel, after stopping me last night confess you do like Mr. Temple—a little.'

'Well, then, I do like him—a little.'

'And you don't care for Mr. Heywood—not much?'

'And I don't care for Mr. Heywood—not much; but I know who does.'

This was indeed a revelation to me. The blood rushed into my face, and my heart palpitated so that I feared that they might hear it through the telephone.

'Who would have thought Mr. Temple was a poet?' said Rose.

I strove to hear more, but could only make out distinct sounds. Suddenly it occurred to me to make a noise to attract their attention, and inform them that I had got to my room. I flung myself heavily on the easy chair, and heaved a long hopeless sigh.

'Oh, there he is!' I heard Rose say, in an intense whisper. 'Did you hear that groan? Oh he is very bad.'

There was a period of silence. Then I heard a voice issuing from the sphinx, in lofty and solemn tones. It was the voice of the Oracle of Tum.

'Child of mortals,' it began, 'where art thou?'

'Oracle of Tum,' I replied, 'here am I.'

'Wouldst thou know to whom thy destiny is linked in the future? Wouldst thou know the fate that hangs over thy love? Wouldst thou lift the veil of the unknown to gaze upon the features of thy beloved? Thou whose soul is yearning for a daughter of thy transient race, wouldst thou know if she loves thee?'

'Oracle of Tum,' I replied, in calm and measured accents, 'know that I am indifferent. Know that a child of mortals, that passionate and feeble race which you seem to despise, can also display the unshaken self-command of an immortal. I solicit no revelation from destiny; I am content to wait with fortitude. Oracle of Tum, I am indifferent.'

I heard a half suppressed 'Oh, my!' and that was all. Need I say that I was the happiest of men?

The next morning I preserved my usual gravity at breakfast, and read my letters diligently, but with agitated thoughts. During the forenoon I found an opportunity to seek Miss Ethel in the garden, where she happened to be alone.

'Miss Ethel,' I said, as we reached an arbor at the end of the pear-tree walk, I had a strange experience last night.'

She blushed very deeply, and turned aside her head.

'Did you ever hear of the Oracle of Tum?' There was no reply.

'Ethel,' I said, earnestly, taking her hand 'you know that I love you. I am here to ask you if you return my love—to ask you if you will be my wife.'

Ethel Deben was as true then as she had ever been. I took her in my arms, and she laid her beautiful head on my breast.

At this moment there was a light foot on the walk and a light laugh on the air. We looked up, and saw Rose Herrick tripping toward us with a roguish look in her face, while Mr. Heywood stood behind at the far end of the walk.

'Destiny has revealed itself at last,' she said, in coming forward.

'In spite of Tum's great oracle,' I replied. 'Well, did I not tell you that there were more things in heaven and earth than were dreamt of in your philosophy?'

'Name them,' said I.

'Why, the telephone. And did I not tell you that there were angels still who came to do good deeds to men?'

'Who are they?' I asked.

'Why, myself,' answered Rose.

'That is Mr. Heywood at the end of the walk. Had we not better go to him?' said Ethel.

'That is my own Tum,' said Rose, and 'henceforth I am his own exclusive oracle.'

HISTORY OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

MILITARY RECORD.

One Years Service

74th *Regiment.*

COMPANY E.

Recruited in Columbia county.

Andrew C. Mensch, Captain September 12, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Wm. J. Robbins, 1st Lieutenant, September 23, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Russell Karns, 2d Lieutenant, September 12, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Cyrus B. White, 1st sergeant, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
George W. Sterner, sergeant, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Samuel Stead, sergeant, September 2, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
William A. Robbins, sergeant, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 2865,
Benjamin W. Hess, sergeant, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Camden Mears, corporal, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
John F. Hutchison, corporal, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
James F. Carnes, corporal, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Joseph C. Runyon, corporal, September 1, 1864, discharged by general order, June 6, 1865.
Ebenezer S. Kase, corporal, August 27, 1864 mustered out May 31, 1865.
Jacob Trivelpiece, corporal, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
John F. Ohl, corporal, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Oliver Palmer, corporal, September, 3, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Amerman C W, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Andrews Irvin I, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Abbott Oscar, August 31, 1864, wounded at Petersburg, Va., April 2, 1865, discharged by general order June 13, 1865.
Abbott George W, September 2, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Bittenbender E E, September 2, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Bogart Samuel, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1864.
Brker Samuel W, September 1, 1854, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Bright John H, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Bigger George W, August 27, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Barnes William C, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1864.
Coleman William H, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Croeman Mitchell, September 1, 1884, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Croop Henry, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Coleman Clinton J, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1864.
Crawford Joseph, August 31, 1864, deserted September 2, 1864.
Dietrick Joseph B, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Dietrick John, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 3', 1865.
Edgar George W, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Guist John, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1864.
Garrison Emanuel, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Holdren George, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Holdren Austin, September 9, 1864, discharged by general order June 6, 1865.
Holter Isaiah, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Hess Peter, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Hunt David P, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Hirliman George W, September 1, 1864, discharged by general order June 6, 1875.
Heller George, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865
Hartman Thomas, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Hughes Alexander M, September 2, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Hughes John N, September 3, 1864, promoted to 2d lieutenant company D 210th regiment P V, September 19, 1864.
Henson John, September 1, 1864, died December 26, 1864, buried in Loudon Park National Cemetery, Baltimore, Md.
Henry William, September 1 1864, died at Point of Rocks, Maryland, February 12, 1865, buried in National Cemetery, City Point, Virginia, section F, division 1, grave 71.
Hall George D, September 1, 1865, deserted September 7, 1864.
Itchner Frederick, September 2, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Jamison Isaiah J, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Jones David F, September 0, 1864, wounded at Petersburg, Virginia, discharged by general order May 31, 1865.
Kline David B, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Karnes Jackson, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Karns Jacob, September 2, 1864, discharged general order, June 19, 1865.
Kisner Amos G, September 2, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Kinley Levi, September 2, 1864, discharged general order May 31, 1865.
Kline Parvin, September 2, 1864 mustered out May 31, 1865.
Lathrope Stilman F, September 13, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865
Lauderbach Jesse, September 2, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Lee Noel, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Long Henry, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Lyons Richard W, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Leonard Merritt, August 31, 1864, wounded at Fort Steadman, Virginia, March 25, 1865, absent in hospital at muster out.
Lazarus George, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.

[Concluded on 4th page.]

The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, May 31, 1878.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
ANDREW H. DILL,
OF UNION COUNTY.

FOR SUPREME COURT,
HENRY P. ROSS,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
JOHN FERTIG,
OF CRAWFORD COUNTY.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
J. SIMPSON AFRICA,
OF HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

The Platform.

The following is the platform adopted by the Democratic Convention:

The Democracy of Pennsylvania unanimously declare: That the Republican party its measures and its men are responsible for the financial distress, the misery and want that now exists.

It has had control of the legislation of the country and has enacted and perpetuated a policy that has enriched the few and impoverished the many. Its system of finance has been one of favors to moneyed monopoly, of unequal taxation, of exemption of classes, of high rates of interest and of remorseless contraction, which has destroyed every enterprise that gave employment to labor. Its present hold upon Federal power was secured by fraud, perjury and forgery. Its laws are unjust and its practices are immoral. They distress the people and destroy their substance. The only remedy for these evils is in an entire change of policy and the dethronement of those in power: and we

RESOLVE, That further contraction of the volume of the United States legal tender notes is unwise and unnecessary. They should be received for customs, duties and reissued as fast as received. Gold, silver, and United States legal tender notes at par therewith are a just basis for paper circulation. A close connection of the Federal Government with the business interests of the people through national banks tends to monopoly and centralization, but in changing the system, uniformity of notes, security of the note-holders and protection of the capital invested should be provided for. Treasury notes issued in exchange for bonds bearing a low rate of interest is the best form in which the credit of the government can be given to paper currency. Labor and capital have equal demands upon and equal responsibilities to law. Commerce and manufactures should be encouraged so that steady employment and fair wages may be yielded to labor, whilst safety of investment and moderate return for its use belong to capital. Violence or breaches of order in support of the real supposed rights of either should be promptly suppressed by the strong arm of the law.

The Republican party, by its legislation in 1872, which reduced the tariff upon bituminous coal from one dollar and twenty-five to seventy-five cents per ton, and upon iron, steel, wool, metals, paper, glass, leather and all manufactures of each of them, ten per cent. struck a fatal blow at the industries and labor of Pennsylvania.

The public lands are the common property of the people, and they should not be sold to speculators nor granted to railroad or other corporations, but should be reserved as homesteads for actual settlers.

Our public debt should be held at home and the bonds representing it ought to be of small denominations, in which the savings of the masses may be safely invested.

Thorough investigation into the electoral frauds of 1876 should be made. Frauds should be exposed, truth vindicated and criminals punished, but we oppose any attack upon the Presidential title as dangerous to our institutions and fruitless in its results.

The Republican party, controlling the legislation of the State, has refused to execute many of the reforms of the new Constitution; among other things it has neglected and refused to compel the acceptance of all its provisions by the corporations of the State; to prevent undue and unreasonable discrimination in charges for transportation of freight and passengers, and without abatement or drawback to any; to give to all equal means for transporting the raw material of the State in such manner and to such points as they may prefer, and to publish in good faith monthly statements of where the money of the people was kept.

The Republican party creates new offices and adds enormous perquisites to others and fills them with favorites whose chief duty is to manage its political machinery. Its administration of the state government grows more expensive each year of its rule.

Legislation has been directed by Republican lobbyists, who in turn manipulate and control the nominations of the Republican party, and its candidates are the creation of a junta whose decrees are accepted as the irreversible mandates of absolute hereditary power.

We denounce these methods, these measures and these men as unworthy the support of an honest and a free people, and we invite all of every shade of political opinion to unite with us in delivering the Commonwealth from their hateful rule.

Our Nominees.

Andrew H. Dill, the Democratic candidate for Governor, is 42 years old, and resides at Lewisburg, Union county. He is a Marylander and the son of a Methodist preacher, Rev. Henry G. Dill, who sent the boy to the Methodist schools at Carlisle. Young Dill entered the Dickinson Seminary in 1849, graduated in 1852, and then went into the junior class whence he graduated with honors in 1855. He taught school right after leaving college being located in Frederick county, Maryland, and reading law in the office of James Lynch, Frederick City. He was admitted to the Frederick bar in 1858, but became a practitioner in Columbia county, this State. An office was opened in Gettysburg, but the young lawyer was disposed to do as his father had done before him, wander about, so after a six months' stay he joined his uncle, Isaiah Dill, at Huntsville, Alabama. In April, 1860, he came back to Pennsylvania and settled in Lewisburg, Union county, there practicing law. During the emergency of 1862 and 1863 he served as first Lieutenant of Company F, Twenty-eighth Regiment, Pennsylvania Militia. In 1869 he was nominated by the Democrats for the House of Representatives for the counties of Lycoming, Union and Snyder, composing the Seventeenth, a Republican district. He was elected and took his seat January 1, 1870. In the fall of 1870 he was elected to the Senate from the same district for three years, and has since remained in that body.

Senator Dill was opposed by a very strong man upon his entry into the political field. In the Senatorial contest of 1870 ex-Senator Johnson, of Lycoming, ran against him, but he not only overcame the Republican majority, but was elected by nearly 1,200. At the expiration of his term in 1873, he was again unanimously nominated in the new district composed of Union, Snyder, Perry and Northumberland, and Dr. Wagonseller, of Snyder, was nominated by the Republicans. Notwithstanding the popularity of Wagonseller in his county—that gave him nearly 1,300 majority—Dill was re-elected by some thirty votes. In the Senate he ranked second only to Wallace as a parliamentary leader, and without ever assuming the leadership, he gravitated to the front rank of his party in the Legislature, just as water finds its level. At the close of his second term, in 1876, he wished to retire, but was compelled to accept a third nomination. The district had been changed by taking Perry from it, thus increasing the Republican majority over 100, and the sharp party lines of a Presidential contest made the battle apparently more than doubtful. He accepted the nomination, however, and Dr. Wagonseller, his old competitor, was again nominated; but, in the face of the intensified national conflict, he was elected by over 200 majority, and has two years yet to serve in the Senate. Able in debate, sagacious in council, unobtrusive to a fault and blameless in repute, the nomination of his party for the office of United States Senator, last March, was but a just tribute to one of the most respected and meritorious representatives of liberal and progressive Democracy. But at the election in the two houses March 21, 1877, Don Cameron received 146 votes and Senator Dill 93, Messrs. Heister Clymer, A. G. Curtin and John Jackson receiving one vote each. During the present session of the Legislature Senator Dill has been the recognized leader of the Democratic side in the Senate.

JUDGE ROSS.

Henry P. Ross, the nominee for Supreme Judge, belongs to the old Ross family of Bucks, and was born in Doylestown, December 16, 1836. Having graduated at Princeton College in 1857, he read law with his father, the Hon. Thomas Ross, and was admitted to the bar on the twenty-third anniversary of his birthday. In 1862 he was elected District Attorney for the county of Bucks by a large Democratic majority. In 1869 he ran against Judge Thayer for Congress in the Fifth district and had a majority of the home vote, being defeated by the soldier vote. In 1866 he was again defeated in the Fifth district Congressional fight, this time by Caleb N. Taylor. Ever active in politics he frequently represented the Democrats of his section in the State Convention was a delegate from the Fifth district to the McClellan Convention in 1864, and the Seymour Convention in 1864, and to the Seymour Convention in 1868. In 1869 an additional Judgeship was created in the Bucks and Montgomery districts, and he was elected to the position by an overwhelming majority. In 1871, upon the declination of Judge Chapman from the judicial Presidency of the district, Judge Ross succeeded him. The new Constitution created two districts out of the Seventh and Judge Ross was elected to preside in the Montgomery county one. He moved to Norristown, where he now resides. In 1874 he was before the Democracy of the State as a candidate for the position for which he has just been nominated. His defeat then was caused by a combination of all the candidates against him. The following year he was a candidate before the Erie Convention, but was beaten by a sudden move in favor of Judge Pershing while a decisive ballot was being had.

JOHN FERTIG.

Hon. John Fertig, nominated for Lieutenant Governor, was born in Venango county, this State, March 13, 1837. After receiving an ordinary common school education he, at the age of eighteen years began life as a sawyer in the lumbering districts of the Susquehanna. After a year or two at this work he taught a district school, and took an academical course. In 1860, when the oil fever broke out, he began operations by leasing a small tract of territory, known as the McIlheeny farm. In this enterprise in which he was associated with two other gentlemen, he invested every cent of his savings, and eked out his proportion of the capital by working as a day laborer. The enterprise was a failure, and he lost every penny of his investment. After a year spent in sinking wells he accumulated enough capital to resume operations on his abandoned tract and eventually reaped great success. Mr. Fertig also turned his attention to real estate speculations, and he is reputed to be the heaviest owner in Titusville. He is extremely popular with his neighbors, and in 1873, although a Democrat, was elected Mayor of Titusville, a Republican city, by the largest majority ever given a candidate for the office. In 1874 he was re-elected. Mr. Fertig is not only one of the wealthiest, but also one of the most liberal and popular citizens of the oil regions.

J. SIMPSON AFRICA.

J. Simpson Africa, who has been nominated for the office of Secretary of Internal Affairs, is the present Deputy Secretary and the real head of the office. He was born in the town of Huntingdon and is now in the 46th year of his age. He is descended from Revolutionary stock through the Simpsons, of Bucks and Murrays of Lancaster. He was educated at the Huntingdon Academy, and after completing his studies there, he adopted the profession of surveyor and civil engineer and has since then devoted his entire time (except when engaged in public duties) to his profession, and was first employed as a civil engineer in the location of the Broad Top Railroad. In 1853 he was elected County Surveyor of Huntingdon county on the Democratic ticket over the nominee of the Whig party, and served until 1857. He served as one of the clerks of the senate during the sessions of 1859 and 1860. In October, 1859, he was elected to the House of Representatives from Huntingdon over the Republican nominee. He was several times elected Burgess of his native borough and is identified with the leading business enterprise there. In May, 1875, he was appointed by General McCandless, Deputy Secretary of Internal Affairs, and upon him fell the labor of organizing the new Department of Internal Affairs created by the Constitution of 1873. Since his appointment he has given the office his undivided attention.

Dill's Speech.

Following is the speech of Senator Dill, made to the convention at the close of the proceedings.

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Convention: I come before you as an humble member of your party to thank you for the honor you have conferred in making me the candidate of the Democracy for the Governorship of this great State. I value the nomination more highly because it has been conferred without any personal solicitation on my part; not that such action by the representatives of a great party is not an object worthy of the highest and purest ambition, but because I was unwilling to become the judge of my own fitness for this high position. I feel the great personal and political responsibility of this nomination. I know that it will take all the vigor of a strong man, and I know that in its result it means the political control of this great Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. When you consider the unparalleled condition of the people, their prosperity blighted, their business without remuneration, their labor unemployed; when you consider how its commercial strength is shattered and how lawlessness has threatened social revolution and financial chaos, I want you to remember that the political party which is responsible for these calamities is intrenched in office, having the will and the means to debauch the sentiment it cannot coerce. This is the foe we are to meet and we can to-day see something of the battle that is before us. If we are to gain a victory it can only be achieved by the determined assault of a united, a harmonious and enthusiastic party. The Republican party pleads for a continuance of power because its mission is not yet ended. For nearly twenty years it has had, with temporary exceptions, complete control of the destinies of the nation, and has swayed to its own uses its Executive Judicial and Legislative Departments, and what has it done? With full power to increase the tariff it has lowered it. It found this country with wealth generally diffused, with few millionaires and no squalid poverty. What do we now see as the result of its policy? At one end of society the nabob, at the other the tramp. If the mission of the Republican party is not yet ended, it ought to end, for now the mission of the Democratic party begins, and this is a mission, I firmly believe, that will lift the country out of its despair—not by a vain search for a new principal of political economy, but by the application of the homely principles of republican government—by the reduction of public expenditures, in order that a tax-burdened people may be relieved; by an administration of the State Government conformable to the Constitution; by the practical solution of practical questions and by enforcing in State affairs the same management that is now administered in our homes—a management of economy, a retrenchment of expenses, a cutting off of luxuries. I know of no other standard of duty for a public servant than fidelity to the Constitution and the law, and if the nomination that is now made shall be ratified by the people, I promise you that the Constitution and the laws of this great State shall be my guide in official conduct, and that from now until the election I will devote to the service of my party all my abilities and power, and if chosen by the people I will then devote to the service of the entire State the same measure of fidelity and duty.

Dill at his Home.

Upon the arrival of Hon. A. H. Dill at his home last Friday he was met at the depot by an immense throng of his fellow citizens, who, as he appeared upon the platform, gave expression to their joy and pride at his nomination for governor by cheer upon cheer. The wildest enthusiasm prevailed, and amid the huzzah of the multitude and the waving of handkerchiefs from every window he was conveyed to his residence in a barouche, drawn by four horses. In the first carriage with Senator Dill sat Hon. Joseph C. Bucher, Hon. R. P. Allen and Hon. S. R. Peale, followed by distinguished citizens in other carriages. Flags were flying on every side and men, women and children with beaming faces rushed to bid him welcome as he alighted in front of his home. His house had been festooned with wreaths, flags and evergreens by the Spyker Graham post of the Grand Army of the Republic, No. 52. Flowers were strewn upon the threshold and from the hands of an impromptu committee of lovely misses.

The Senator received an armful of bouquets. In a word the whole population seemed to have given themselves up to gladness and spontaneous welcome. The Senator was overpowered with emotion, but after music by the band and an introduction by his life-long friend, Judge Bucher, he appeared, and, with much feeling, addressed his friends.

The 100th Anniversary of the Battle and Massacre of Wyoming.

There is a woman, widowed, gray and old,
Who tells you where the foot of battle stepped
Upon their day of massacre. She told
Its tale, and pointed to the spot, and wept,
Whereon her father and five brothers slept
Shroudless, the bright-dreamed slumbers of the brave,
When all the land a funeral mourning kept,
And there, wild laurels planted on the grave
By Nature's hand, in air their pale red blossoms wave.

And on the margin of yon orchard hill
Are marks where time-worn battlements have been,
And in the tall grass traces linger still
Of "arrowy frieze and wedged javelin."
Five hundred of her brave that valley green
Trod on the morn in soldier spirit gay;
But twenty lived to tell the noon-day scene—
And where are now the twenty? Passed away.
Has Death no triumph-hours save on the battle day?

—*Fitz-Green Halleck.*

The 31 of July, 1878, will complete the century since the fearful battle and massacre of Wyoming desolated this fair valley. Historian and poet have alike preserved the picture of that dark and bloody scene in all its lurid shades—the stern reality of facts across which falls the glowing light of romance making Wyoming's soil to be revered as classic and sacred ground.

It is eminently fitting then, as the hundred years are rounded up, that the descendants of those brave men should appropriately commemorate the day which saw *their* fathers seal their devotion to the cause of freedom in torture and death, and consecrate anew, with eloquence and song, the ground on which they were strewn in manly battle, or tortured and slain in treacherous surprise.

In consonance with this, the 31 and 4th of July next will witness a Memorial Service in honor of the day and the heroic dead, worthy alike of the brave Colonists and their children, and the quiet vales of Wyoming and the busy streets of Wilkes-Barre will re-echo with the recital of the thrilling story by orator and poet, with the thunders of artillery, with the tramp of thousands, and with the stirring music of martial melody.

Over the plain where the battle commenced an historic Wintermoot, ending at 'Queen Esther's Bloody Rock,' the procession will pass, listening to a descriptive address, while at the latter the oration will be delivered which tells of the surrender, the broken faith of the treaty, the horrid butchery, and the wild hurrying to and fro of the terror stricken women and children and aged men, to escape the torture of fire and the ruthless scalping knife, and their untold sufferings as they buried themselves far over the mountain in the "Shades of Death." At the Monument, erected by the unselfish devotion of the women of Wyoming, nearly half a century ago, other and fitting exercises will be held, which will close the Memorial Service of the first day.

On the second day, which happily commemorates the nation's birthday, the scene will be transferred to the city of Wilkes-Barre, then as now the important town of the Valley. Here the Memorial service will be transposed into one of celebration and rejoicing, that out of the suffering and affliction of that terrible day have come peace and prosperity, and out of its bitter defeat and cruel massacre, a deathless victory. The history of the Valley will be fitly and beautifully illustrated in a moving pageant, under the command of Col. Stanley Woodward as Chief Marshal, typifying the several important epochs, commencing with the aboriginal period when the Leni Lenapes held possession of Wyoming, by native descendants of that tribe. The introduction of Christianity by Zinzendorf will be portrayed by the historical tent of skins, within which will be seen the Moravian pioneer and the legendary serpent, followed by groups representing the struggle known as the Pennamite War. In the Revolutionary period will be given the "Battle and Massacre," which will receive an added emphasis from the presence of a whole or a portion of the descendants of the Six Nations, who come from their reservation in New York to participate in the sham battle illustrative of the fierce struggle in which *their* fathers worked their cruel will a hundred years ago. The first agricultural epoch will be followed by a tableau emblematic of the War of 1812, and this by one eminently appropriate to the discovery and use of anthracite coal, in which will be seen the first grate ever used in the Valley, filled with burning coal, before which the owner, Judge Fell, shall be seen persuading its combustion with a pair of bellows. The era of the post rider and the old fashioned stage coach will form a striking feature of the pageant, the driver, Jeff Swainbank and his coach being the last to transfer passengers and mails over the mountains prior to the coming of the 'iron horse.' Following this comes the second agricultural period, and that by the few brave survivors of the Mexican War, in which epoch Wyoming has a peculiar interest, in that the Valley sent forth as her quota, one company—the Wyoming Artillerists—of the two regiments furnished by the State. The late civil war will be properly represented, and the pageant will close with a tableau foretelling the future of the Valley.

In addition to this, which will be a living panorama of the history of Wyoming, there will be in procession a vast multitude, consisting of thousands of military, the Grand Army of the Republic from a hundred Posts, the Fire Departments of eastern Pennsylvania, Societies of all degrees and Benevolent and Trade Associations of all kinds in immense numbers. If all come who have intimated their intention to do so, 50,000 strangers will visit Wyoming on these two centennary days.

The distinguished guests who have been invited to honor the occasion by their presence and have accepted, will include the President of the United States, the Governors of the original thirteen States, and many others, great by their abilities and honored by the country for their services.

Not among the least attractive features of the Memorial Service will be the music, consisting of a choir of 300 voices, and an orchestra of sixty pieces, while on the evenings of the two days, Theodore Thomas will delight the people with his famous concerts in the city of Wilkes-Barre.

The battlefield and the entire plain of Wyoming will be restored, so far as practicable, to its primeval condition. Old Forty Fort has been rebuilt, the block house and pallisades being an exact fac-smile of the original in location and size, while dotting the river bank will be seen the log huts of the Colonists as they appeared in the olden time.

Adding greatly to the interest of the day at Wyoming will be the gratuitous display—the largest in the country—of historical antiquities and Indian relics, which have all been gathered in the Valley and preserved with loving care by Hon. Steuben Jenkins and Dr. Hollister.

Following the great event, a detailed history of its proceedings, from the inception of the design to the closing hours of the centennary service, will be published in substantial book form.

The most ample provision has been made for the coming of our guests by greatly reduced rates of fare on all the lines of railroad passing through the Valley, and for their comfort and convenience while here.

The work necessary to the successful issue of the event has been performed by the several standing committees, the Chairmen of which compose the following Executive Committee controlling the entire affair.

Col. Charles Dorrance, Chairman; Hon. L. D. Shoemaker, Treasurer; Wesley Johnson, Secretary; Hon. G. M. Harding, Hon. E. L. Dana, Dr. H. Hollister, Hon. Steuben Jenkins, Payne Pettebone, George Cory, J. M. Courtright, Hon. Henry M. Hoyt, Hon. Hendrick B. Wright, James P. Atherton, R. J. Wisner, Calvin Parsons, C. E. Butler.

These gentlemen are the lineal descendants of the brave men whose death they seek to commemorate, and from the first meeting on the 31 of July, 1877, they have heartily given their time and energies to making the coming event an appropriate tribute to the memory of their fathers. They invite the descendants of the Wyoming colonists, wherever they may be, to return to the home of their ancestors and aid in commemorating their gallant services and heroic death, and to the people of the land Wyoming extends a cordial welcome on this day which recalls her baptism in blood.

C. DORRANCE,
Chairman Executive Committee.
WESLEY JOHNSON,
Secretary

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C., May 28, 1878.

We may be sure now that the army will cost about as much for the next year as for the past. A few salaries may be cut down, and possibly a few useless officers dropped, but a force of 25,000 men will be maintained and the present proportion of officers—one to five or six men will be continued.

One amendment to the army appropriation bill which deserves serious attention was offered on Saturday. It provides for the performance by the War Department of the duties now supposed to be performed by the Indian Bureau of the Interior Department. I believe the change would save a great deal of money now stolen by contractors and officials, and tend to prevent Indian outbreaks. It would thus be beneficial to both races. While, one man has the management of this unwieldy machine known as the Interior Department, he cannot do justice to any one of numerous Bureaus that make it up. The War Department has the officers ready who are trained men and familiar with the habits and ideas of the Indians. By all means the change should be made.

In connection with this subject it is of interest to know that Secretary Schurz asks Congress for important changes in the laws relating to the Indians. He asks that the number of reservations be greatly reduced, and the number of Agents from 20 to 8.

Capt. Eads whose work at the matter of the Mississippi has been so valuable will probably secure the change he desires in his contract. He wishes the money paid faster, and no one seems to object, now that the success of the plan is assured.

Speaker Randall was in the Chair on Saturday. During his late absence Hon. Milton Sayler, performed the duties of the Speakership in a very acceptable manner, especially when we consider the frequent and important rulings he was called upon to make while the army appropriation bill has been under discussion.

Mr. Wood gives up his tariff bill for the session, as there is a general desire for an early adjournment, and he realizes the impossibility of getting his bill passed without long discussion. The House Democrats hold a caucus to-morrow on the subject of adjournment, and will probably agree to the Senate resolution naming June 10th.

Mr. Randall returns to the Chair not made a whit less courteous and affable as a presiding officer because he didn't have everything his own way at the Pittsburg Convention. All that needs be said is that what was his loss was some other good Democrat's gain. But no temporary defeat will ever make the Speaker less a favorite with the masses, who regard him as one of the truest exponents of National Democracy and as the man of destiny that is never disturbed by the little vicissitudes resulting from a friendly rivalry as appears to exist among the leaders of the Keystone Democracy. The South, particularly, remembers him as the man above all others who, by his matchless leadership against and final defeat of the infamous force bill, rendered her emancipation possible from the incubus of negro, scalawag and carpet bag domination.

SEMINOLE.

(Communicated.)

OUR REPRESENTATIVES.

ST. PETERSBURG, Clarion Co., Pa.
May 27th, 1878.

EDITORS OF THE COLUMBIAN—*Dear Sirs:* I desire to express to you my appreciation of the men who have had the honor to represent Columbia county in our legislative halls for the last two years. It is not the men who make use of the most words that are the safest legislators, but he who, with a clear insight into the merits or demerits of measures is enabled to vote intelligently and with an honest purpose.

When I entered the House in 1877 I met Mr. McHenry, whose two years of previous service had versed him in legislative practice until he had obtained an efficiency which only real service in a legislative body can give a man. Mr. Brown, like myself, had everything to learn. I soon came to know him as a quiet, conscientious, earnest man. My association on committees with him taught me that his opinions upon matters before us were worthy of weighty consideration. I found that he had a mind of his own and was fearless in expressing it, and that he always voted, either in committee or in the House, upon his own judgment.

If we had more such men as represent your county and a less number of political tricksters in our Legislature the people of this great Commonwealth could obtain such legislation as their necessities demand.

I remain very truly yours,
M. L. LOCKWOOD.

Judge Black said before the electoral commission: "Wait a little while. The waters of truth will rise gradually, but slowly and surely, and then look out for the overflowing scourge. The refuge of lies shall be swept away, and the hiding place of falsehood shall be uncovered. This mighty and puissant nation will yet raise herself up like a strong man after a sleep, and shake her invincible locks in a fashion you little think of now. Wait; retribution will come in due time. Justice travels with a leaden heel, but strikes with an iron band. God's mill grinds slow, but dreadfully fine. Wait till the flood-gate is lifted, and a full head of water comes rushing on. Wait and you will see some fine grinding then."

One very sensible thing done by the Legislature in its last moments was to request the next Legislature to repeal the act requiring the publication of the *Legislative Record*. It ought to be done by all means, as it is an utterly useless expense to the State.

Western Wilds, and The Men who Redeem Them. An Authentic Narrative, Embracing an Account of Seven Years Travel and Adventure in the Far West by J. H. Beadle, Author of "Life in Utah;" Western correspondent *Cincinnati Commercial*, etc., Illustrated. Jones Brothers & Co., Cincinnati, Chicago, Philadelphia, 1878.

Mr. Beadle may fairly be regarded as the writer of some of the most attractive literature of the day. "Western Wilds" opens with the commencement of the author's roving life in 1868, and accompanies him through all his many thousands of miles of travel on foot, on horseback, by canoe, dugout and wagon train, and every means of locomotion known to civilized and uncivilized man, among savage Indians and no less savage white men, upon tours of observation in the wilds of mountain, plain and desert, and through adventures whose recital causes the heart to throb, and the blood to leap with accelerated momentum, and brings the record down to the death of Brigham Young, and the precarious fortunes of his tottering hierachy.

Intertwined with personal observations of men, things and localities, all of which are attractively presented, the lights and shades of incident and hazardous enterprise appear to relieve the work of any suspicion of heaviness, and at the same time add many of its distinguishing charms. Some of the noteworthy adventures are in the varied experience of the author, but more were gathered from the lips of scouts, hunters, rangers, and the men and women upon the frontier with whom he came in contact, and they make up a series of haps and mishaps, comic, tragic and dramatic, which will be read and re-read by American firesides for many years to come, and always with interest.

"Western Wilds" treats of the peculiar institutions of the Mormon settlements; the habits and customs of various Indian tribes; the trials, dangers and superstitions of prospectors; mining life, with a glance at its perils, profits and disappointments; exciting adventures of well-known scouts; the Mormon war; the Mountain Meadow Massacre, or which John D. Lee was tried, found guilty and shot; the life of General Custer; the dead prophet, with a sketch of his life and numerous heresies; beside an array of other facts, incidents and happenings. This ought to be enough to insure a pleasing variety.

Several well-known names are tasseled with the stigma of unadulterated wickedness by the simple relation of facts; occasionally a hero is rescued from obscurity and set upon a modest pedestal for the admiration of his countrymen; but the narratives are simple and progressive, convincing with their inherent truthfulness and total absence of egotism and affectation. We have never examined a work upon the subjects treated by this, so free from technicalities, so true to nature, and so well calculated to fascinate the attention of all classes of readers.

It is a royal octavo volume of 624 pages, elegantly printed and bound. Its illustrations, of which there are 127, are the finest we ever saw in a work for popular sale, and they are remarkably effective in elucidating the text. "Western Wilds" will be eagerly purchased wherever the English language is read.

A Wise Deacon.

"Deacon Wilder, I want you to tell me how you kept yourself and family so well the past season, when all the rest of us have been sick so much, and have had the doctors running to us so long."

"Bro. Taylor, the answer is very easy. I used Hop Bitters in time and kept my family well and saved large doctor bills. Three dollars' worth of it kept us all well and able to work all the time, and I'll warrant it has cost you and most of the neighbors one to two hundred dollars apiece to keep sick at the same time. I guess you'll take my medicine hereafter." See other column.

Candidates.

[The following persons have been proposed for nomination by the next Democratic county Convention to be held August 13th, 1878. Candidates announced in this list are pledged to abide by the decision of the Convention.]

FOR CONGRESS,
C. B. BROCKWAY,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,
B. FRANK ZARR,
of Bloomsburg.

JOSEPH B. KNITTLE,
Catawissa.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
WILLIAM KRICKBAUM,
of Bloomsburg.

DR. J. R. EVANS,
Bloomsburg.

JAMES B. HARMAN,
Orangeville.

I. K. MILLER,
Bloomsburg.

J. H. MAIZE,
Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
GEORGE W. STERNER,
Bloomsburg.

WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY,
of Bloomsburg.

MICHAEL F. EYERLY,
of Bloomsburg.

JOHN S. MANN,
Centre township.

H. J. DIETTERICH,
Centre township.

FOR TREASURER,
H. A. SWEPPENHISER,
Centre township.

DAVID YOST,
Fishingcreek township.

FREDERICK HAGENBUCH,
Centre township.

ISAIAH BOWER,
Berwick.

FOR COMMISSIONER,
MOSES SCHLICHER,
Beaver Township.

PETER HIPPENSTEEL,
Mt. Pleasant township.

NATHAN DRIESBACH,
Fishingcreek township.

CHARLES REICHART,
Beaver township.

THOMAS GERAGHTY,
of Centralia.

JEREMIAH HAGENBUCH,
of Centre township,

STEPHEN POHE
Centre township.

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron

Has never been known to fail in the cure of weakness, attended with symptoms, indisposition to exertion, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, general weakness, horror of disease, weak, nervous, trembling, dreadful horror of death, night sweats, cold feet, weakness, dimness of vision, languor, universal lassitude of the muscular system, enormous appetite, with dyspeptic system, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, pallid countenance and eruptions on the face, purifying the blood, pain in the back, heaviness of the eyelids, frequent black spots flying before the eyes, with temporary suffusion and loss of sight; want of attention, etc. These symptoms all arise from a weakness, and to remedy that use E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It never fails. Thousands are now enjoying health who have used it. Get the genuine. Sold only in $1 bottles. Take only E. F. Kunkel's.

Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood, and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable tonic. Price $1 per bottle. E. F. Kunkel, sole Proprietor, No. 259 North Ninth street, below Vine, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron and take no other. A photograph of the proprietor on each wrapper, all others are counterfeit.

Beware of counterfeits. Do not let your druggist sell you any but Kunkel's, which is put up only as above represented. You can get six bottles for $5. All I ask is one simple trial.

Tape Worm Removed Alive.

Head and all complete in two hours. No fee until head passes. Seat, pin and stomach worms removed by Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth Street. Advice free. No fee until head and all passes in one, and alive. Dr. Kunkel is the only successful physician in the country for the removal of worms, and his worm syrup is pleasant and safe for children or grown persons. Send for circular or ask for a bottle of Kunkel's worm syrup. Price $1 a bottle. Get it of your druggist. It never fails. may

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mercantile Appraisement.

LIST OF DEALERS IN COLUMBIA COUNTY.

I hereby certify that the following list of dealers taken, returned and classified by me in accordance with the several acts of Assembly, in and for the county of Columbia, for the year 1878, is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Names	Class.	Amt.
BEAVER TOWNSHIP.		
Rice, Abram, store	14	7 00
Shuman, C A, "	14	7 00
Dreisbach, George P, store	14	7 00
Michael, Levi, general merchandise	14	7 00
J A Losee, agent, " "	14	7 00
BENTON.		
B McHenry & Son, general merchandise	14	7 00
J J McHenry " "	13	10 00
Rohr McHenry " "	13	10 00
BERWICK.		
Bowman & Crispin, general merchandise	12	12 50
I & H R Bower " "	12	12 50
R H Little, drug store	14	7 00
F L Distelhurst, furniture store	14	7 00
G A Buckingham, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
C D Fowler, agent, stoves and furniture	14	7 00
Jackson & Woodin, manufacturing Co,	7	40 00
J W Frey, general merchandise	13	10 00
H M Hockman, confectionery and bakery	14	7 00
A Brittain, drug store	14	7 00
W P Hughes, general merchandise	12	12 50
Freas Brothers, general merchandise	12	12 50
" " lumber dealers	14	7 00
Adams & Son, general merchandise	13	10 00
David Gross, porter bottler	14	7 00
BLOOMSBURG.		
O A Jacoby, grocery	14	7 00
Henry Kleim, grocery	14	7 00
G M & J K Lockard, dealers in coal	14	7 00
J K Bittenbender, dealer in lumber	14	7 00
Hartman Brothers, grocery store	14	7 00
I. S Whary, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
I W McKelvy, drygoods and groceries	6	50 00
Clark & Wolf " "	11	15 00
Wagenseller & Co, notions & fancy goods	13	10 00
Gross & Brother, clothing store	14	7 00
J B Stecker, flour and feed	14	7 00
Isaiah Hagenbuch, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
T W Conner, grocery store	14	7 00
D A Creasy, general merchandise	13	10 00
David Stroup, " "	14	7 00
Rollins & Holmes, gas fitters and plumbers	14	7 00
A J Evans, clothing store	14	7 00
Bloomsburg Iron Co, general merchandise	8	30 00
C W Neal & Brother, dealers in coal	14	7 00
C C Marr, general merchandise	14	7 00
Joseph Decker, confectionery	14	7 00
Wm Kreamer, grocery store	14	7 00
S H Miller & Son, general merchandise	13	10 00
J Schuyler & Son, hardware	13	10 00
I W Hartman, general merchandise	11	15 00
H C Hartman, carpet store	14	7 00
C A Kleim, drug store	14	7 00
Jacob Keller, notions and fancy goods	12	12 50
W J Corell & Co, furniture room	13	10 00
W C McKinney, boots and shoes	14	7 00
Lutz & Sloan, drygoods	12	12 50
J H Maize, grocery store	12	12 50
George Clark, books and stationery	13	10 00
J B Scott, confectionery	14	7 00
David Lowenberg, merchant tailor	13	10 00
William Rabb, grocery	14	7 00
Louis Bernhard, jewelry	14	7 00
James Cadman, agent, furniture	14	7 00
L Runyon & Co, hardware	13	10 00
P S Bates, jewelry	14	7 00
J K Eyer, dry goods and groceries	13	10 00
Joseph Hendershot, coal yard and grocery	14	7 00
Moyer Bros., drug store, (corner Main)	12	12 50
" " " " (Brower's block)	14	7 00
Peter Gross, porter bottler	14	7 00
Augustus Rabb, grocery	14	7 00
C Savage, jewelry store	14	7 00
E L Myers, medicines	3	10 00
N J Hendershott, drug and grocery store	14	7 00
J F Caldwell, confectionery	14	7 00
J C Menagh, jewelry	14	7 00
Thomas Webb, confectionery	14	7 00
J H Johnson, tobacco store	14	7 00
Jesse Coleman, Medicines	3	10 00
Peter Billmyer, flour and feed	14	7 00
BRIARCREEK.		
Jacob Rantz, general merchandise	14	7 00
CATAWISSA		
Swank & Orange, general merchandise	13	10 00
S B Diemer, general merchandise	13	10 00
J K Sharpless sons, general merchandise	11	15 00
Wm Hartman, furniture room	14	7 00
Geo Manhart, boots and shoes	14	7 00
John & Baldy, general merchandise	13	10 00
Gilbert & Kline, general merchandise	11	15 00
A B Cleaver, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
B P Fortner & Son, general merchandise	14	7 00
F L Shuman, clothing store	14	7 00
John McCoy, confectionery	14	7 00
I H Seesholtz, groceries and provisions	14	7 0
W H Orange, dry goods and groceries	14	7 00
S D Rinard, general merchandise	14	7 00
T E Harder, furniture room	14	7 00
John Mensch, dealer in coal	14	7 00
J M Smith, druggist and hardware	12	12 50
Wm John, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
E B Guie, agent, coal	14	7 00
CENTRALIA.		
G W Michael, grocery store	14	7 00
O B Millard, general merchandise	13	10 00
C G Murphy, general merchandise	14	7 00
A B Fortner, stoves and tinware	14	7 00
Geo W Davis, drug store	14	7 00
D C Black, groceries, flour and feed	14	7 00
Mrs Edward Haffey, grocery store	14	7 00
Irvin Bros, grocery store	14	7 00
John Moren, boots and shoes	14	7 00
CENTRE.		
Jacob Sponsler, general merchandise	14	7 00
Low Bro & Co, general merchandise	14	7 00
L W Wooley, dealer in coal	14	7 00
Z T Fowler, dealer in grain and coal	14	7 00
Thomas Brobst, grocery store	14	7 00
Whitmire & Irwin, general merchandise	14	7 00
FISHINGCREEK.		
J M Ammerman, general merchandise	14	7 00
J F McHenry, general merchandise	14	7 00
C B Myers, manufacturer and dealer in medicines	3	10 00
G M Howell, general merchandise	14	7 00
D Hosler & Sons, general merchandise	14	7 00
FRANKLIN.		
Dyer & Bro, general merchandise	14	7 00
GREENWOOD.		
Wm Masters, dealer in merchandise	12	12 50
Ellis Eves & Bro, general dealer in mdse	12	12 50
A B White, general dealer	14	7 00
W F Hess, general merchandise	14	7 00
P D Black, merchandise and furniture	12	12 50
A J Derr, general merchandise	14	7 00
J E Welliver, general merchandise	14	7 00
HEMLOCK.		
A B Hartman, general merchandise	14	7 00
F P Harris, general merchandise	14	7 00
JACKSON.		
J C Christian, general merchandise	14	7 00
LOCUST.		
Jacob Yeager, general merchandise	14	7 00
Peter Yocum, general merchandise	14	7 00
Thomas Seburn, general merchandise	14	7 00
J H Vastine, general merchandise	14	7 00
MADISON.		
C Kreamer, general merchandise	13	10 00
Wm Gingles, merchandise	13	10 00
MAIN.		
J D Bodine, general merchandise	14	7 00
U J Campbell, general merchandise	14	7 00
MIFFLIN.		
Creasy & Brown, general merchandise	13	10 00
C W Hartzel, general merchandise	14	7 00
Eleazer Schweppenheiser, general mdse	14	7 00
J H Hetler, general merchandise	14	7 00
MONTOUR.		
Mrs J T Farnsworth, grocery	14	7 00
Henry S Reay, oils and brushes	14	7 00
Paxton & Harman, general dealers	13	10 00
Augustus Bibby, grocery	14	7 00
MT. PLEASANT.		
J E Sands & Son, general merchandise	14	7 00
ORANGE.		
J B Harman, general merchandise	14	7 00
C W Low & Son, general merchandise	13	10 00
M C Keller, dealer	14	7 00
F M Bouton, drug store	14	7 00
D K Sloan, general merchandise	13	10 00
PINE.		
R W Lyon, general merchandise	14	7 00
ROARINGCREEK.		
O W Cherrington, general merchandise	14	7 00
SCOTT.		
G P Reighard, general merchandise	13	10 00
Silas Young, general merchandise	14	7 00
A B White, general merchandise	14	7 00
R S Ent, dealer in stoves and tinware	14	7 00
G W Creveling, general merchandise	14	7 00
W E Dietterich, general merchandise	14	7 00
N Eichart, boots, shoes and notions	14	7 00
S A Worman, general merchandise	14	7 00
J D Werkheiser, general merchandise	14	7 00
T Creveling & Co, grocery store	13	10 00
Henry Aul, dealer in coal and grain	14	7 00
SUGARLOAF.		
E Cole & Son, general merchandise	14	7 00

All persons who may feel aggrieved by the above classification can have an opportunity of appealing by meeting the undersigned

Saturday, June 22, 1878,

at which time an appeal will be held at the Court House in Bloomsburg, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., and ending at 4 o'clock p. m.

PETER A. EVANS,
Mercantile Appraiser.
may 31, '78.

A. J. NELLIS & CO., MF'rs.
Nellis' Original A Walker's Movable Point
HARPOON HORSE HAY FORKS.
The only single, double or shear Forks that can be made, sold or used without becoming liable for infringement.
Nellis' Cast Tool Steel Castings and Iron Fencings.
The Famous Nut Shell Hay Carrier.
To learn the cheapest and most practical way to get your hay in mow or on stack, address
A. J. NELLIS & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.
may 31, '78-1m

Spring
1878.

OAK HALL

OAK HALL
THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE CLOTHING HOUSE,
1878.—18th year.

With much greater variety
Than ever
With ampler facilities
Than ever
With far more customers
Than ever
We are better prepared
Than ever
At considerably lower prices
Than ever

To Supply The Men and Boys of America
With Superb Clothing
From the Largest
Clothing House
in America.

Only One Price. The Lowest. Terms Cash.
Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Returned.
Samples and prices mailed anywhere.
Orders by mail promptly executed.

WANAMAKER & BROWN
Sixth & Market Sts., Philadelphia.

May 24, '78—3m

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE!

Pursuant to an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, will be sold on the premises, in Roaringcreek township, in said county, on

Saturday June 22d, 1878,

at 11 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, assigned to Casper Rhawn by John B. Klinger and wife in trust for the benefit of the creditors of said John B. Klinger: Tract No. 1,

SIXTEEN ACRES OF LAND,

in a good state of cultivation, situate in Roaringcreek township, on the public road or old Reading road leading from Catawissa to Ringtown, about 8 miles from Catawissa and 3 miles from Slabtown, bounded by lands of Frank Yocum, William Swisher and others. The improvements thereon are a good two-story

FRAME STORE HOUSE,

a large two-story frame

HOTEL STAND,

a large barn, corn crib, wagon shed and other outbuildings, all of which is commonly known as the "Five Points Hotel stand."

Tract No. 2,

TWO ACRES,

situate and bounded as tract No. 1, it being a part of said tract, except it is divided from it by public road leading from Mainville to Numidia.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent at confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi. The purchaser to pay for the expense of all necessary instruments of writing.

ABBOTT & RHAWN,
Attorneys for Assignee.

CASPER RHAWN,
Assignee.
may 24, '78-ts

GILES' LINIMENT IODIDE AMMONIA.

Cures all Pain in Man and Beast

TESTIMONIALS:

PROLAPSUS UTERI (Falling of the Womb.) A Wonderful Cure.—Nine years my wife suffered with this terrible complaint. She was attended by doctor after doctor, went to the different hospitals where females are treated; tried them all; wore bandages and pessaries with only temporary relief. Her life was miserable. We applied Dr. Giles' Liniment. Her relief was immediate. She is now well.

B. McDERMOTT,
40 West 13th street, New York.

I had twelve strokes of Paralysis. My leg, arm and tongue were useless; was obliged to use a catheter every day. Doctor Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia has cured me. Will answer any inquiries so that all afflicted may know of it.

JOHN APPEL, North Branford, Conn.

Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, April 22, '76.

W. M. Giles, Esq., Dear Sir—I used your Iodide of Ammonia Liniment on Flora Temple's hind pastern joint. She had been quite lame; the effect was wonderful; she walks now quite well. Very, respectfully yours,

A. WELCH.

P. S.—I am now using it on Littleton's right fore leg.

A large shoe boil on a valuable young horse was removed by Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia.

SHEPHERD KNAPP,
Carpets, 175 sixth ave., New York.

ASTHMA—The tortures and agonies I endured for six years, none but those who have suffered with this terrible disease can know. My life was miserable. In desperation I tried Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia. It gave me instant relief. Used it internally as well as externally.

THOS. BRANIGAN,
127 west 27th street, New York.

I was in a dreadful condition. Joints swollen, pain intense. Injections of morphine into my veins failed to relieve me. Giles' Iodide of Ammonia took away the deposits from my joints. I want every one who suffers to know what will cure them.

FORDYCE LOTHROP,
North Hyde Park, Lamoille co. Vt.

Another Sufferer cured.—Discharged from the Massachusetts General Hospital as incurable, with inflammatory rheumatism in my shoulders, fingers and feet; suffered fearfully for three years, tried everything; lost all hope. Dr. Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia effected a complete cure.

ELLEN SMITH,
No. 72 Prane street, Fall River, Mass.

Sprains, splints, bruises, lameness in horses, Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia is a perfect specific. No person who owns a horse should be without it.

M. ROBBINS,
769 seventh avenue, New York.

In my family, and for the stock, I have used Giles's Liniment Iodide of Ammonia. It is unsurpassed, and I am surprised at the many different maladies in which it is applicable. It gives the utmost satisfaction.

JOHN J. CARTER,
Superintendent Eastern Pennsylvania Experimental Farm.

50 c. and $1; and in Quarts at $2.50, in which there is a great saving.

Trial size 25 cents.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

N. J. HENDERSHOTT, Agt. for Bloomsburg.
may 41, '78-

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE!

The real estate assigned to M. G. Hughes by Wesley Perry in trust for the benefit of creditors, will be exposed to public sale at Kehre's Hotel in Numedia on

SATURDAY, JUNE 15th, 1878,

at 11 o'clock a. m., described as follows:

Situate in Locust township, Columbia county, bounded as follows: On the east by lands of Jonas Fetterman, on the west by lands of S. H. Johnson north by land of L. Adams' estate, on the south by lands of Charles Fetterman's estate, containing

Ninety-two Acres,

whereon is erected a

Frame Dwelling House, Barn,

and other out-buildings.

Also, at the same time and place,

165 Acres of Wood Land,

situate in Locust township aforesaid, adjoining lands of John Lletty, Joseph Thomas, George Stine and Daniel Stine, containing good oak and chestnut timber in large quantities.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at confirmation absolute, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi. On payment of purchase money deed to be delivered to the purchaser at his expense.

M. G. HUGHES,
Assignee of Wesley Perry.

ABBOTT & RHAWN,
Atty's. for Assignee.
may 24, '78-ts

C. E. SAVAGE,

DEALER IN

Silverware, Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, &c.

☞ Removed to the Post Office building, first door above the Exhange Hotel.

All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly repaired and warranted.
may 17, '78-tf

COMMISSIONERS' SALE.

The following tracts of land were sold by David Lowenberg, Treasurer of Columbia county to the Commissioners of said county on the second Monday of June 1876, and the time of redemption having passed by an Act approved March 13th, 1815 and supplements thereto the same will be sold on the second Monday of June 1878, at the Court House in Bloomsburg

Callahan James one lot Centralia Borough unseated
Madden Thomas " " " "
Meehan James " " " "
Nevin Michael " " " "
Relly —— " " " "
Shepperd B F " " " "
Moore Grace Mrs two lots " " "
Loveland H J one lot " " "
Star John " " " "
James Edward " " " "
Fenstermaker J H " " " "
Jones Annie T Mrs " " " "
Kline Caroline " " " "
Murphy Thomas " " " "
Minihan Michael " " " "
Kline John " " " "
Davis Henry " " " "
Miller Elias 300 acres Beaver township
Gearhart William 200 acres Sugarloaf twp.
Casey John Lower two lots Conyngham twp. seated
Wynn Dennis one lot " "

SILAS W. McHENRY,
JOHN HERNER,
JOS. E. SANDS,
Com's.

Commissioners' Office, Bloomsburg, Pa.,
may 10 '78-ts Attest: WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SECURE TERRITORY FOR DR. EGLE'S GREAT WORK THE NEW ILLUSTRATED HISTORY

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The grandest selling book for the Pennsylvania field. Liberal terms to agents. Send $2.00 at once for complete outfit, or 10 cents for our 64 page sample, and name territory wanted. Address D. C. GOODRICH, Publisher, Harrisburg, Pa.

Don't fail to say what paper you saw this in.
march 15, '78-m Dur

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that M. G. Hughes of Catawissa has been appointed Assignee of Wesley Perry of Locust township for benefit of creditors. All persons, therefore indebted to the said Wesley Perry, will make payment to the said assignee and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

M. G. HUGHES,
Assignee of Wesley Perry.
May, 17, 4w. Catawissa.

A CHANCE TO MAKE SOME MONEY SURE.

"Cornell's History of Pennsylvania." Now ready. Write for Agency at once. JOHN SULLY & CO., Publishers, 725 Sansom street, Philadelphia.
march 22, '78-3m jw&co

You can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. March 22, '78-1y

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

In pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county there will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on

FRIDAY, JUNE 7th, 1878,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following real estate, late of Thomas Reece.

Purpart No. 1.—All that GRIST MILL with water power appurtenant and piece of land situate in Greenwood township, said county, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a stone by run in line of lands of the said Joseph Hayman; thence by same south 78½ degrees west 15 9-10 perches to a stone on bridge in road leading from Orangeville to Rohrsburg; thence by lot of Samuel Freas, being the tannery lot purchased of William Patterson and John Patterson north 85½ degrees west 10 7-10 perches to a stone in Green Creek; thence by other land of the said Joseph Hayman north 87½ degrees east 10 6-10 perches to a stone by the said creek; thence by the same north 19½ degrees, west 7 5-10 perches to a stone; thence by the same south 18½ degrees east 4 perches to the place of beginning, containing

1 ACRE AND 132 PERCHES,

strict measure.

Purpart No 2.—All that certain tract of land situate in said township of Greenwood, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on line of land belonging to Edward McHenry; thence by the same south 10 degrees west 53 5-10 perches to a post; thence north 80 degrees west 40 perches to a white oak, now gone; thence by land of Samuel Freas north 9 degrees east 20 perches to a post; thence north 73½ degrees east 15 9-10 perches to a post, thence north 18½ degrees west 4 perches to a post; thence north 19½ degrees east 7 5-10 perches to a post; thence south 76½ degrees west 22 8-10 perches to a post; thence south 27½ degrees west 10 6-10 perches to a stone; thence north 85½ degrees, west 7 1-10 perches to a post; thence by lands of James Patterson north 33 degrees west 56 6-10 perches to a post; thence by lands of James Hayman south 83 degrees east 83 2-10 perches to a stone; thence north 52 degrees east 22 perches to the place of beginning, containing

65 ACRES AND 40 PERCHES,

strict measure.

Purpart No. 3.—Also the undivided one-half tract of timber land, adjoining lands of John Staley John Rantz, Matthew McHenry and others containing

SEVENTY-FIVE ACRES.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of said premises, one-fourth of the purchase money less the ten per cent. to be paid at the confirmation of the sale, and the balance of said purchase money to be paid in one year from the confirmation of said sale, with interest on said balance from the confirmation nisi of said sale. Grass for hay this year and grain growing in the ground is reserved. Possession to be given April 1, 1879. On payment of purchase money deed to be delivered to the purchaser at his expense.

NEHEMIAH KITCHEN,
Assignee.
Rohrsburg, may 17, '78.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1878

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train	6.45 A. M.	7.52 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.49 P. M
Express Train	1.20 P. M.	11.57 A. M
" "	6.56 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.28 A. M.	7.26 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.45 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

We offer a special discount of 10 per cent to old and new subscribers who pay in advance. $1.80 will pay for the COLUMBIAN for one year after this date until further notice. This does not apply to subscription now due. Our subscribers will do us a favor by calling their neighbors attention to the fact that the COLUMBIAN can be had for $1.80 in advance, the only $2.00 paper in the county making the offer. tf.

There will be an adjourned Court on July 1st.

Judge Elwell held court in Danville this week.

Mr. F. M. Bates has been appointed superintendent of common schools of Shamokin.

The public schools will close on the 5th of June.

Subscribe for the COLUMBIAN at $1.80 a year in advance.

WANTED.—A first-class candy maker and cake baker by J. F. Caldwell.

The reputation of W. C. McKinney's shoes is spreading. He recently received orders from five different parties in Plymouth, in one day.

Percy L. infant son of J. H. Harman of Rupert, was buried in Rosemont Cemetery last Monday afternoon.

With our new type we are better prepared than ever to do plain and fancy job work, and at very low rates.

The ladies of the Episcopal church had a strawberry festival in Cadman's hall on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings.

A railroad ticket to Chicago and back for sale at this office very cheap. Good until December 31st 1878. tf

Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture by its wonderful restorative influence purifies and enriches the blood and induces good health.

The *Williamsport Sun* quotes a section from Purdon's Digest of 1981. That must be a late edition.

With this issue is concluded the article on the money question that has been running for several weeks past. We shall publish no more lengthy communications on this subject.

The jail yard premises are being put in a neat condition. It is a pity though that a few dollars could not be diverted to mow the sour grass in the Court House yard.

Although our cotemporaries were requested to publish the call for the late "Soldiers Convention" we regret that only the *Catawissa Item* paid attention to it. Otherwise there might have been a larger attendance.

OUR BAND.—Our citizens have for a number of years generously contributed to the support of a band at this place. They should reciprocate by occasionally giving the public a "tune" without charging an extortionate price for it.

Ladies, don't fail to see the large lot of goods received this week at at the Boston Shoe Bazar Danville, consisting of Button Boots, Walking Shoes and Slippers. Prices lower than ever and every pair guaranteed to have solid leather bottoms.

James Dennis, a respectable colored man, was buried in the cemetery on Sunday last. He was a quiet, unobtrusive man whom all liked. He was a member of the Town Council some years ago, and gave general satisfaction. We believe he was the first colored man elected to an office in Pennsylvania.

On last Tuesday evening the Trustees of the Normal School met at the office of the Principal and reelected Hon. Wm. Elwell as President of the Board, F. P. Billmyer Secretary, and B. F. Hartman Treasurer. The other business was of a routine character.

Mr. John Kessler of Pine township Columbia county, was in Bloomsburg a few days ago as a witness in a case on trial; and in answer to a question by Col. Freeze, said that he was 92 years old. He is quite spry. Walks up and down stairs unassisted, and is a man of great vigor for his time of life, which is undoubted.

M. E. Jackson, Esq., has just purchased from M. C. Sloan & Brother, Bloomsburg, one of the finest and most substantial carriages that has come to this place for a long time. This firm is noted for their proficiency in the manufacture of first-class work.—*Berwick Independent.*

The Fourteenth Annual Convention of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath-school Association will be held in the Pine street, Methodist church, in Williamsport, Pa., opening promptly at 3:30 o'clock, p. m., Tuesday, and continuing throughout Wednesday and Thursday, June 11, 12 and 13, 1878.

The Bloomsburg *Sentinel*, heretofore a democratic journal, is now the organ of the rising National party in Columbia county. Charity is making it hot for his discarded love.—*Echo.*

Wrong, Brother Tubbs! He tried the new departure for two or three weeks, but got sick of it, and is now knocking at the door to be readmitted to the Democratic ranks.

List of letters remaining in the post-office Orangeville, Columbia county Pa.

Mr. Nathan Fell, Mrs. Sophrena Fell, Mr. J. Mandal, Mr. Charles Fullmer, Mr. Jhonethan Truesdell, Mrs. Eliza Larney, Mr. E. H. Fresseleman Esq., Mr. George Trunkey, Mr. Jackson Evens Esq.

Please say advertised.

C. W. LOW, P. M.

The house belonging to Mrs. Elizabeth Guye, and occupied by James Hayman, tax-collector of Centre township, this county, was burned to the ground last Monday night. Mr. Hayman and family being absent at the time, but returned to find one window out and some clothes and provisions found outside, which led to the supposition that it had been entered by thieves and robbed of its much valuable effects, and then set on fire. No insurance as we learn.—*Independent.*

Dr. B. F. Gardner of Bloomsburg assisted by Drs. Megargell and Ammerman of this place, amputated the right leg of Jacob H. Coleman of Orangeville. Amputation four inches above the knee. At this writing the patient was doing very well.

Mr. Coleman 16 years ago while boating at Rochester, New York, got his knee caught between the canal boat and lock, from the effects of which he was confined three years. The injury resulted in a necrosis or decay of the bones. At the time of the injury he was in the employ of William Coleman formerly of Bloomsburg.

Orangeville, May 29, 1878.

FACTORY FACTS.—Close confinement, careful attention to all factory work, gives the operatives pallid faces, poor appetite, languid, miserable feelings, poor blood, inactive, liver, kidneys and urinary troubles, and all the physicians and medicine in the world cannot help them unless they get out doors or use Hop Bitters, made of the purest and best of remedies and especially for such cases, having abundance of health, sunshine and rosy cheeks in them. None need suffer if they will use them freely. They cost but a trifle. See another column.

TEN YEARS OF HORRIBLE TORTURE.—Mrs. Sarah Hanlon, of East 33d street, New York, for ten years bore as patiently as she could, the agony of a leg swollen to four times its natural size, which was red and raw, and from which constantly oozed a blistering secretion. One week's application of Giles' Liniment Iodide Ammonia restored the hideous member to complete soundness.

Sold by all druggists. Send for pamphlet.
Dr. GILES,
451 Sixth Avenue, N. Y.

Trial size 25 cents.

ROARINGCREEK ITEMS.

Look out for the candidates.——No snow or hail just now.——Financial shortness is the principal drawback among some of our best business men here.——Our merchant Mr. Yeager has just returned from the city with a full stock of dry goods, groceries &c.——Several of our best horses left this place by being bought by one of the European agents calling here.——Mr. Folk the wheelwright (formerly of Bloomsburg) is doing a lively business at present, considering the times.——A grand ball will take place at the hall of the Locustville Cornet Band on Saturday evening next.——Weddings have been quite numerous in this vicinity during the last few months. Who'll be the next to "follow suit?"——The guests to Prof. Bensinger's entertainment on the evening of the 18 inst., were highly delighted with the performance as there was quite an appreciative audience present.——Some of our scientific young men have put up several telephones which work remarkably well. Some of our neighboring towns are becoming literally netted with them.—so to speak.——William Hughes after a short illness ended his earthly career on the 20 ult., aged 69 years. He was much respected by his circle of acquaintances.——The grain has a better appearance in this valley than it has had for several years with the exception of the wheat which is being injured to a small extent by the fly.——The cool weather during the greater part of the present month has considerably detained the growth of vegetation. The hail and frosts some two weeks since have almost entirely destroyed the grape crop while the apples were also slightly damaged.

MAX.

McAlarney vs. Wolverton—In Equity—The Court met by adjournment on Friday evening last, to hear argument on Report of Knorr, Master in the above case. Exceptions had been filed by Freeze and Hughes for Wolverton, by Ricketts for McAlarney, and by Barkley for Stewart.

The argument was opened by Col. Freeze for Mr. Wolverton, and continued by Barkley for Stewart, and by Ricketts for Mrs. McAlarney, and concluded by Mr. Hughes for Wolverton. The last two on Saturday morning.

The controversy grows out of the celebrated case of Longenberger vs. McReynolds, which has been several times tried, and is likely to be tried several times more.

CATTLE ORDINANCE.

Ordinance No. 20 has not been repealed and is as follows:

Be it ordained and enacted by the Town Council of the Town of Bloomsburg, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the same: That it shall not be lawful for any cow or cattle to run at large within the said limits at any time during the hours of night between eight o'clock p. m. and six o'clock a. m., and any animal so found running at large, contrary to the regulations herein made, shall be immediately seized by the Town Constable and taken to the pound and therein confined.

Passed May 3d, 1876.

The usual fine can be charged for cattle taken up under this ordinance. Constable Thomas is enforcing the law.

PRACTICAL WISDOM.

An ancient adage says, "In the time of peace prepare for war." Is it not equally wise to prepare for sickness in time of health? When anticipating a journey, guide books and maps are studiously examined, and all possible information of the route and country obtained. Yet many make the "journey of life" and throughout the entire trip remain almost strangers to themselves, in profound ignorance of their abilities, and have no knowledge of the physiological laws that govern mind and matter. To such, life is like a boy handling an engine, he may have ascertained how to start and stop it, but he knows not how to keep it in running order. The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, an illustrated work of over 900 pages, is designed by its author, as a popular hand-book of anatomy, physiology, hygiene, medicine and the most common diseases to which all are liable, and with which many are afflicted. The work is replete with sound, practical suggestions. Price, $1 50, Address the author, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

SOLDIERS' CONVENTION.

Pursuant to a public call a large number of the soldiers of the late war, met at the Court House on Saturday last.

The meeting organized by electing Capt. I. H. Seesholtz President, Capt. W. Utt Vice President, and C. B. Brockway Secretary. The objects of the meeting were then stated by Capt. Brockway, after which it was unanimously resolved to proceed to form an association for the purposes specified. On motion of Capt. J. H. Johnson, seconded by Private G. A. Potter, it was resolved to name the association "The Soldiers' Union of Columbia County."

On motion of Priv. B. T. Leacock seconded by Lieut. R. S. Ent, the following committee were appointed on Constitution and By-Laws, to report at the next called meeting.

The following committee was named with instructions to elect their own Chairman, viz:

Capt. W. J. Allen, Priv. G. W. Reifsnyder, Col. C. G. Jackson, Serg't G. W. Mears, Col. R. B. Ricketts, Col. S. Knorr, Lt. W. H. Utt.

On motion of C. B. Brockway, seconded by Priv. John W. Kreamer, it was ordered that a committee of three be appointed to draft a circular stating more specifically the objects of the association, and the benefits to be obtained by it. The Chair appointed C. B Brockway, Capt. M. M. Brobst, and Lieut. R. S. Ent, as said committee.

On motion of Col. S. Knorr, the next meeting was to be held at a time and place to be designated by the President and the Committee on Constitution and By-Laws. Signatures were then requested and all present signed, designating their rank, Company, Regiment, and P. O. address. There was much informal conversation as to what should be done to perfect the organization, and much interest and enthusiasm was manifested. All who were not present and desire to join were requested to send in their names to the Secretary for enrollment. There are no fees. On motion adjourned to meet at call.

I. H. SEESHOLTZ, President.
C. B. BROCKWAY, Secretary.

SUDDEN DEATH.

On Saturday afternoon the 25th inst., the Town Council was sitting as a board of appeals. Mr. Wesley Wirt, the Secretary, was present, and appeared to be in good health and spirits. At a little before three o'clock he sat down in his chair but no one noticed anything peculiar in his actions. A few moments afterward, a member of the council made a remark to him to which he made no answer. A second question failed to elicit a reply, and on examination it was found that he was unable to speak. Dr. Reber was immediately summoned, and Mr. Wirt was placed on a sofa but he was beyond medical assistence. He soon became unconscious and was removed to his home, where he rapidly sank, and at 8 o'clock breathed his last. The cause of his death was a stroke of paralysis, this being the third attack.

The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon from his late residence, and the remains were followed to the grave by the members of the Bar and a large concourse of people.

Wesley Wirt was born in Espy, this county on the 6th of August 1820, and was 57 years, 9 months and 19 days old. He lived with his father who was a farmer, until the age of fifteen. By his own efforts he obtained a good english education, taught school in New Jersey for a time, and established a select school in New Columbus, Luzerne county, which subsequently became a flourishing Academy. In 1841 Mr. Wirt entered the office of the Hon. John Cooper as a law student. He completed his law studies under Hon. C. R. Buckalew and was admitted to the Bar of Columbia county in 1856. He served nine months in the early part of the war and was an emergency man in 1863. For several years past his health has prevented him from devoting himself actively to his profession, but he has been frequently appointed by the Court as auditor in important cases, and his conclusions were generally correct. In 1873 he was elected Secretary of the Town Council, to which position he was regularly re-elected annually up to the present year. His place will be hard to fill, as he devoted himself earnestly and almost constantly to the duties of his office. He was a genial companion an upright citizen and the community will miss him.

DEATH OF WESLEY WIRT, ESQ.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BAR.

On last Saturday evening the members of the Bar at Bloomsburg met at the Law Library in the Court House to take action relative to the death of Wesley Wirt, Esq. Hon. C. R. Buckalew was called to the Chair, and B. F. Zarr and C. B. Brockway were appointed Secretaries. On motion it was resolved that a committee be appointed to draft and submit appropriate Resolutions. The Chairman named the following committee: Hon. John G. Freeze, Hon. A. C. Smith, and G. E. Elwell Esq.

A motion of Col. S. Knorr was adopted that when the members of the Bar adjourn, it be to meet at the Law Library on Tuesday at 2½ o'clock p. m. to receive the report of the committee on Resolutions, and to transact such other business as might be pertinent to the occasion. The Chairman then selected the following gentlemen as pall bearers. F. P. Billmyer, H. E. Smith, L. E. Waller, E. R. Ikeler, C. B. Brockway and W. J. Buckalew.

On motion, adjourned to Tuesday afternoon at 2½ p. m.

TUESDAY, MAY 28th.

The members met pursuant to adjournment. The following additional pall bearers were selected, viz: C. W. Miller, A. L. Fritz, N. U. Funk, H. C. Bittenbender, J. M. Clark and R. R. Little.

The Committee on Resolutions reported the following:

WHEREAS the Supreme Judge of the whole earth and all that dwell therein, has seen fit in His infinite wisdom to summon from earthly tribunals our esteemed friend and brother, Wesley Wirt, by sudden death, therefore by the Members of the Bar of Columbia county be it

Resolved, That in this visitation we recognize the hand of the Great Chancellor of Heaven whose judgments are irreversible and whose ways are past finding out.

That in the death of our deceased brother we have sustained a severe loss. As a lawyer he enjoyed the confidence of the Bench and Bar; as a citizen he commanded the respect of the entire community, having been chosen Secretary of the Town Council of the Town of Bloomsburg for years in succession—which position he occupied at the time of his death; as a man he was a trusty friend and genial gentleman.

That the sympathy of the Bar be extended to the afflicted family, and that a copy of these resolutions be presented to them and published in the town papers.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
A. C. SMITH, } Committee.
GEO. E. ELWELL,

On motion, they were unanimously adopted. The members of the Bar then marched in a body to the house of the deceased, and from there to the grave.

C. R. BUCKALEW, Chairman.

B. F. ZARR,
C. B. BROCKWAY, } Secy's

The bill providing for the creation of a Middle Penitentiary District finally passed the lower house of the legislature before adjournment, and will undoubtedly receive the signature of the governor. It embraces twenty-eight counties, as follows: McKean, Potter, Tioga, Bradford, Sullivan, Lycoming, Northumberland, Columbia, Montour, Fulton, Bedford, Cumberland, Franklin, Adams, Cameron, Somerset, Blair, Cambria, Huntingdon, Union, Snyder, Dauphin, Perry, Juniata, Mifflin, Clearfield, Clinton and Centre, and provides for the appointment of seven commissioners by the governor, to select a site of not less than thirteen acres. These commissioners are to be selected outside of the district. One hundred thousand dollars is appropriated for the erection of the building. For reasons which we have heretofore given, no better site could be selected than near Bloomsburg.

As District Attorney Hart did not contest the seat of Mr. Lowenberg, after his arrival at Pittsburg, as was originally determined on, it is supposed that he was either bulldozed oil, or a treaty of peace was made between the belligerents of Columbia and Lycoming counties. When the contest for the senatorial nomination comes off we will know the truth.—*Gazette & Bulletin.*

We have none but the kindliest feelings towards Messrs. Reighard and Hart; but they were mistaken in supposing they could run things here to suit themselves. It may be the style in Lycoming however. It was undignified, to say the least, to angrily secede from a regularly organized conference because they could not control it. It is well Mr. Hart did not press his claim at Pittsburg.

From the *Berwick Independent* we learn that last week James Chamberlin and Will Frantz were arrested at Berwick by the Espytown constable for a violation of the fish law—fishing with nets. They contend they did not fish within the limits of Columbia county, but in Luzerne, and thus gave bail for their appearance. Mr. H. Owen and Mr. A. S. Phillips becoming their bailmen.

Fish Warden McCollum is evidently doing his duty, and should be aided by all good citizens. There is no more reason for violating the Fish law than any other law. At considerable expense the State is stocking our streams for the benefit of the whole people, and to give them cheap and nutritious food. No one therefore should be permitted to violate the law, which is designed to protect and increase our game fish.

The county of Columbia was quite complimented by the late State Democratic Convention. Hon. Charles R. Buckalew was made permanent President. Col. John G. Freeze was put upon the committee on resolutions, and when, after its organization by electing Senator Wallace Chairman, he placed Col. Freeze on the sub-committee of seven; and he was also placed upon the committee of five to notify the candidates of their nomination, by the convention.

[COMMUNICATION.]

FISHINGCREEK, May 25, 1878.

HON. C. B. BROCKWAY, *Dear Sir.*—Finding myself unable to attend the call of a meeting of the soldiers of Columbia and adjacent counties to meet at your place to day, I trust the objects of your meeting will be accomplished, and a full record of Columbia county soldiers gotten together and preserved, with all papers that are yet in existence in the hands of individuals. There are also many interesting reminiscences that might yet be procured.

It is the general impression abroad that the townships up Fishingcreek furnished but few men to the Union Army; this belief is unjust to a portion at least of this part of the county. In the school district in which I reside (Jones No. 1 of Fishingcreek township) I can enumerate about 40 men who served in different organizations from the Pennsylvania Reserves up to the 214th Regiment. I would suggest the appointment of a committee of one from each township and borough to gather information and report to your Secretary, they again might divide into school districts, and get suitable persons interested in each district, in this way a full and complete record may be had.

The great mass of the Columbia county men served in some 20 different regiments, while probably double that number of regiments contained each a few of our men.

I will do what I can to aid you in the laudable effort you have commenced,

Respectfully Yours,
JOHN M. BUCKALEW.

The above suggestion is an excellent one, and we trust each Township and Borough will designate one man at least to cooperate with the general organization. Let the muster be complete and thorough.

C. B. B.

[Concluded.]

THE MONEY QUESTION.

If we could turn all the legal tender notes and all the silver into gold coin, and include all the gold coin already in the country, each person would have only $14.33, while Germany has $17 87, Great Britain 21.34, and France has 41.92, to each individual; this is taken from the Bureau of Statistics for 1874; we have still less at present under the contraction policy, while we require more than all three of the largest European nations combined. we are more progressive, and in possession of vast tracts of land and mines undeveloped. It is estimated that the working men, who have been obliged to lie idle since contraction commenced, would have earned wages sufficient if kept at work at $2 per day, until the present time, to have paid half of the national debt. Only sixty-four millions is the annual production of our mines in gold, fifty-three millions of this is exported, and we use from ten to twelve millions each year for manufacturing purposes, and as each year a larger demand is made, we shall have much less gold ten years hence, with a larger population. To prove that a specie basis is no help or prevention from financial distress, the reader is requested to look at Great Britain; she is only second to ourselves in the number of bankruptcies and general business prostration; her gold or specie basis is a rope of sand; she and we need more currency for the wants of the people to insure enterprise and vigorous life. Every man who offers abundant security has a right to receive and demand what money he requires. Before closing an answer is required that shall close the mouths of those who shall falsely or ignorantly assert that the currency has been expanded instead of contracted since the panic of 1873, or indeed since 1865. By quoting from 'Spaulding's Finance History, page 201,' we find the amount of currency on the 31st of October, 1865 to be $1,895,000,000, while the United States Auditor's report shows that the amount of government and national bank credits used as money in 1865, was over $2,100,000,000, in 1875 the amount of Government credits, greenback and national bank notes in circulation, were less than $700,000,000, and contraction has been steadily carried forward since 1865, by every secretary of the Treasury, to meet the demands of the bondholders to the sacrifice of the people's interest, except in a single instance when a part of the reserve was thrown out as a sop to satisfy the urgent necessity for more currency in the deathly prostration of all business caused by the panic.

Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the treasury, commenced his pet policy of contraction against the earnest protests of prominent statesmen.

Will not the unconscious curse of the hundreds of thousands whom his policy of contraction hurled from affluence to poverty enshroud his name with ignominy forever. Contraction of our currency means stagnation and stagnation is only another word for putrefaction. The sword of compulsion was suspended over the nation by Senator Sherman's forced resumption measure passed January 15th, 1875, an Act for resuming specie payments in 1879, adding insult to injury; the results have already proved its impossibility.

Greedy cormorants lending money call or short time loans, are the only ones who prosper. They are waiting the good time coming like wreckers on a dangerous coast till they can swoop down on the foundered wrecks, and fatten themselves from the dismantled hulk. They are the vultures now shouting specie basis, national contraction hovering around, watching until financial misery and death prepare the feast.

Another step forward, by a two-thirds vote of the nation, will emancipate the working people and producing classes from the bondage of usury, interest or rent, usually paid for money borrowed.

By the will of the people, secure the enactment of laws that shall make greenbacks the legal tender; not only for all debts, dues and taxes but legal tender for all customs of the Government, imports included. All gold and silver regarded as merchandise, not legal money. Let every person who wants money obtain it from the Government, by offering sufficient security in real estate, that the amount shall be returned in a definite time, without interest. Only the cost of each loan and expenses of collecting, to be deducted, and as efficiently as the post office money order system. Let every post office be a bank of deposit and every post master be the Government's banker, for the loan of money; each postmaster to give the necessary bonds for the amount of money required in his locality. This system under proper laws and regulation will be self-supporting, and fully secure the government from any loss in its loans. Interest and usury laws will fall to the ground instantly for the want of support. To make greenbacks a true representative of property, all who borrow from any post office bank should secure the loan by giving mortgages on productive real estate at half selling value or price to secure the payment of the loan.

A GRANGER.

Prohibition State Ticket.

ALTOONA, PA., May 29.—The state convention of the prohibitionists assembled here at 10 o'clock this morning. After effecting a temporary organization they adjourned until 2 o'clock p. m. At the afternoon session the following ticket was nominated: Governor, General F. H. Lane, of Huntingdon; Lieutenant Governor, John Shallcross, of Philadelphia; Secretary of Internal Affairs, Calvin Parsons, of Luzerne; Judge of Supreme Court, Daniel Agnew, of Philadelphia.

It was General Grant who vetoed the Bill to increase the legal tender currency to $44,000,000, after that amount had been retired by the Secretary of the Treasury.

At the adjournment of the Legislature the members of the House presented Speaker Myer with a silver tea service. What for?

A pretty picture is a healthy looking and well cared for Baby. By the use of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup you can keep the health of your Baby in a splendid condition. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Indorsed by the Medical Fraternity, popular in every circle, found everywhere, Glenn's Sulphur Soap is undoubtedly the most popular purifier, remedy for skin diseases and injuries, and complexional beautifier in America. Sold by all Druggists.

Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, Black or Brown 50c.

May 17 4-w.

By Universal Accord,

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use, by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, prove them the best and most effectual pill that medical science can devise. Being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use. In intrinsic value and curative powers no other pills can be compared with them, and every person, knowing their virtues, will employ them when needed. They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life. Mild, searching and effectual, they are specially adapted to the needs of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken. They are the best and safest physic to employ for weakened constitutions, where a mild, but effectual cathartic is required.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

no4

Marriages.

LITWEILER—LAVAN—At the Reformed parsonage, Catawissa by Rev. G. B. Dechant, Mr. Amos Litweiler to Miss Mary E. Lavan, both of Columbia county.

MENCH—HOUCK—At the Reformed parsonage, Catawissa by Rev. G. B. Dechant, Mr. Wm. Henry Mench to Miss Mary E. Houck, both of Columbia county.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.35
Rye "	.70
Corn, new, "	.50
Oats, "	.32
Flour per barrel	7.50
Cloverseed	
Flaxseed	1.50
Butter	.18
Eggs	.10
Tallow	.8
Potatoes	.30
Dried Apples	.8
Hams	.11
Sides & Shoulders	.10
Lard per pound	.10
Hay per ton	10.00
Beeswax	.25
Timothy Seed	2.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.00	per Ton
No. 5 "	$ 2.75	"
No. 6 "	$ 2.00	"
Blacksmith's Lump on Wharf	$ 3.00	"
" Bituminous	$4 50	"

Business Notices

"The Dollar of our Daddies" or the green back will buy the best Ready-made Clothing at Lowenberg's.

That 12½ cents Dress Goods at Clark & Wolf's is going off fast. Call soon for it.

Call at McKinneys for Shoes.

White Goods and Hamburg Edgings in great variety cheap at Clark & Wolf's.

Bernard keeps all kinds of clocks, watches jewelry and silverware. His watches range in price from $5 upward.

For a Suit of Clothes made up in city style go to Lowenberg's.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

I. W. Hartman's store is the cheapest.

Admission free at McKinney's.

Summer Hats! Summer Hats!
Just received
A full stock of Straw Goods for Men and Boys at Lowenberg's.

Full line of Prints and Domestics at Clark & Wolf's.

White Vests, White Vests,
Linen Vests,
Dusters, Ulsters and Alpaca coats just received at Lowenberg's.

Trimmings, Notions, Lace Collars and Cuffs, Ties, Bows, and Fancy Goods in great variety at Clark & Wolf's.

Best and cheapest Parasols at I. W. Hartman's.

When you want a Nice Suit
For Summer wear
go to Lowenberg's.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

The display of Jewelry, Silverware, Watches, &c., at P. S. Bates' is said by all to be the choicest to be seen in Bloomsburg. Repairing is done by him in the best manner and at the lowest possible rates.

I. W. Hartman's store is the cheapest.

Cadman says he sells he sells Furniture at the lowest rates, and has a large assortment always on hand.

Linen Dresses and Linen Goods to make up at Clark & Wolf's.

Cadman always keeps on hand all kinds of PICTURE FRAMES.

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

Crampton's Palm Soap is the best laundry soap in this or any other market. For sale by Jacob H. Maize. may 18-3w

Crampton Brother's Palm soap at Jacob H. Maize's. It is the best. Try it. may 3-18w

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

Caldwell is getting the run on ice cream now.

Try it—Buy it
Palm—Palm—Palm Soap
At Jacob H. Maize's—at Jacob H. Maize's.
may 3-18w

Great bargains in Dress Goods at Clark & Wolf's.

Always reliable Goods that come from I. W. Hartman's.

P. S. Bates makes a specialty of repairing watches, clocks, jewelry, silverware, or anything else in his line of business. He always insures a first-class job and is prompt with his work.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

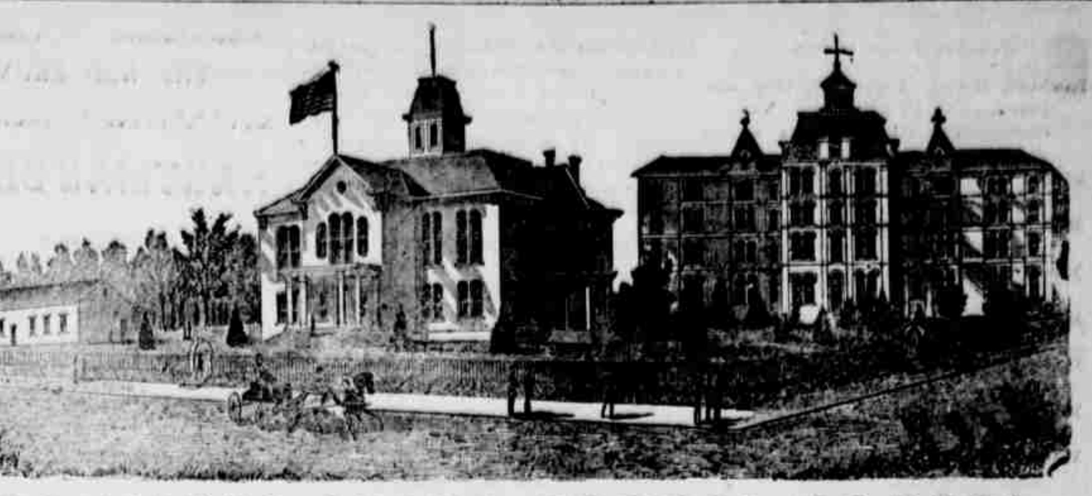
The undersigned Auditor appointed on exceptions to final account of H. W. Vandersilce, Administrator of J. H. Vandersilce, deceased, with power to make distribution, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the town of Bloomsburg on Saturday, June 22, 1878, at ten o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims are requested to present the same before the Auditor or be debarred from coming in for a share.

F. P. BILLMEYER, Auditor.

may 24, 1878-4w

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS, &C., &C.,
Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

$3 GOLD PLATED WATCHES. Cheapest in the known world. *Sample Watch Free to Agents.* Address, A. COULTER & Co., Chicago. aug17, '77-1y



BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

Rev. D. J. WALLER, Jr., A. M., Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.

Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft spring water.

Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

Courses of study prescribed by the State:

I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV. Classical.

Adjunct Courses: I. Academic. II. Commercial. III. Course in Music. IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.

The Elementary, Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and Students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees: Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates of their attainments, signed by the Officers of the Board of Trustees.

The course of study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.

The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving school. For Catalogue, address the Principal.

HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees.

Sept. 8, '76.

Treasurer's Sale of Unseated Lands in Columbia County, Pa.

By virtue of sundry acts of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, relating to the sale of unseated and seated lands in the County of Columbia, &c. for taxes due and unpaid, I will offer at public sale at the Court House in the Town of Bloomsburg on

MONDAY OF JUNE A. D. 1878.

At 10 o'clock, a. m., the following described pieces of land, or such part thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount of taxes due and unpaid against the same, and continue the sale from day to day as the same may be found necessary.

TERMS OF SALE

The amount of taxes and costs must be paid when the land is struck off, or the sale may be avoided and the property put up and resold.

UNSEATED LANDS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY, 1878.

No. Acres.	Warrantee or owners.	Twp.	Taxes.
340	Ames, Butt & Leece	Beaver	155 77
83	Brockway C B	do	4 32
3 lots	Beaver Jesse	do	2 42
1 do	do Charles	do	
2 do	Bover J S	do	2 84
8 do	Barton C H	do	3 24
3 do	Butt & Unger	do	
400	Columbia coal & iron co	do	22 95
400	do do do	do	22 95
400	do do do	do	22 95
380	do do do	do	19 80
400	do do do	do	20 79
1 lot	Carrow Morris	do	1 56
1 do	do do	do	41
5 do	Charles Sloan Jr	do	4 02
150	Davis Isaac est	do	11 52
91	Fry Geo W	do	2 80
100	Frick R P	do	8 64
3 lots	Flanagan A	do	4 40
3 do	Fry S W	do	2 42
209	Graff John	do	42 55
3 lots	Gearhart W B	do	5 73
50	Headsman S	do	5 40
60	Hauck Jonathan	do	12 15
75	Hinderliter Jacob & S	do	9 11
53	Roats Chas & John	do	5 72
100	[illegible]	do	8 40
2 lots	Harner & Chester	do	2 57
1 "	Hoffman S	do	4 03
3 "	Hunt & G	do	2 42
2 "	Dilly Joseph	do	2 91
3 "	Harner & Chester	do	1 22
3 "	Kester Frank	do	1 22
1 "	Klein A	do	1 46
3 "	Larence W K	do	5 75
2 "	Lewis Frank	do	1 62
40	Longenberger Nath	do	1 22
70	Morris Daniel	do	5 66
104	Mann & Ead	do	4 50
100	Noyer Geo	do	21 70
140	Nungesser Geo	do	11 34
3 "	Prout Stephen	do	1 22
3 "	Price Chester	do	4 40
1 "	Patterson J	do	4 40
6 "	Ruttnauff Saml & co	do	3 27
3 "	" Samuel	do	1 22
567	Raub J Miller	do	21 87
49	"	do	2 70
129	"	do	7 76
237	"	do	13 23
273	"	do	14 83
200	Stewart Wm	do	16 20
	Shuman John	do	8 40
5 lots	Smith I W	do	5 73
3 "	Shick J J	do	5 75
5 "	Scott Peter	do	4 03
224	Shuman & L	do	25 69
19	"	do	2 80
9	"	do	94
3 "	Tilson George	do	2 42
2 "	Vastine R B	do	1 62
59	Vanomeen Columbus	do	2 70
79½	"	do	5 40
118	"	do	8 26
84½	"	do	3 51
2500	West Buck Mt C & I Co	do	138 30
400	Womendorf Lelerfero	do	22 41
400	"	do	22 40
75	"	do	2 25
5 "	Wetzel C S	do	9 57
3 "	Wood Augustus	do	2 42
50	Christman Jos	Benton	10 80
45	Pennington Jesse B	"	9 40
6	Smith [illegible]	"	54
1 lot	Parks [illegible]	Berwick	55
of 202	Apple Paul	Briarcreek	[illegible]
[illegible]	Bowman [illegible]	"	7 65
25	Brittain [illegible]	"	2 56
210	[illegible]	"	9 13
170	Crim W [illegible]	"	2 12
200	Doty & Peaker	"	11 82
145	Freas Wm [illegible]	"	5 55
218	Bradley [illegible]	"	8 66
180	[illegible]	"	9
500	[illegible]	"	21 22
5	Kisner John	"	2 85
27	Kunkle John	"	1 11
8	Paterson [illegible]	"	2 18
240	Peaker Saml J	"	5 88
100	Reeser Abram	"	3 88
100	Sitler Samuel	"	3 88
100	Stackhouse Joseph	"	3 88
224	"	"	8 72
200	"	"	14 75
54	"	"	90
100	"	"	2 01
23	"	"	[illegible]
4 tracts	Shaffer David	"	4 9
10	Stackhouse & Seibert	"	36
14	Shaffer John	"	21
54	Probst J S	Catawissa	2 24
11	Clewell Joseph	"	2 59
11	"	"	84
100	" Jacob	"	4 40
19	Kramer Christopher	"	84
12	Shuman Reuben	"	2 11
60	Thomas Ruth Ann	"	2 42
105	"	"	2 42
178	"	"	6 40
35	" Mel	"	[illegible]
85	Weaver Eliza	"	5 9
1 lot	Crane Michael	Centralia	7 70
1 "	Cane Owen	"	3 80
12 "	Collins Peter	"	76 80
3 "	Cleaver Washington	"	14 94
1 "	Dougherty Michael	"	8 80
1 "	Foley Mary Ann	"	80
2 "	Gallagher [illegible]	"	15 40
1 "	Howell Thomas	"	8 80
1 "	Hanson Michael	"	6 87
1 "	Haney John	"	2 20
1 "	Hoagland [illegible]	"	4 6
1 "	Holmes [illegible]	"	[illegible]
1 "	Hughes [illegible]	"	12 41
2 "	Kline & [illegible]	"	45 70
1 "	Keller Sons	"	8 40
1 "	Keller Rich J F & [illegible]	"	9 67
2 "	Langan Pat	"	15 08
12 "	Lenigan & Mahaney	"	18 0
1 "	Marks [illegible]	"	4 29
1 "	[illegible]	"	1 54
1 "	McAlester Thomas	"	8 07
1 "	McGinnis [illegible]	"	41
1 "	McHugh James	"	89
1 "	Moore John	"	[illegible]
2 "	Mengarity [illegible]	"	8 05
2 "	Parks [illegible]	"	7 48
1 "	Quinn Pat	"	[illegible]
2 "	Sweet & [illegible]	"	12 75
2 "	Vantassel Mrs	"	5 81
12 "	Vandusen S	"	83
1 "	Wittick Fred	"	4 29
24	Adams [illegible]	Centre	1 26
14	Adams & Sato	"	[illegible]
14	Comer John	"	1 38
71	" Geo	"	2 06
7	Fritz Wm est	"	79
3	Good Jacob	"	59
34	Hoffman Wm est	"	2 41
19	Hagenbuch Wm	"	1 46
5	Henning Joseph	"	[illegible]
6	Reinbach Daniel	"	90
1 lot	Ashton Jacob	Conyngham	2 79
1 "	Brown Wm	"	5 29
429	Beam Joshua	"	284 86
450	Brown Nathaniel	"	490 15
1 "	Burt Andrew	"	11 45
1 "	Breslin Bernard	"	8 87
1 "	Cook Catharine	"	2 19
1 "	" David	"	[illegible]
1 "	Calahan Dan	"	2 29
1 "	Donahoe Cornelius	"	2 21
1 "	Davis Jacob	"	1 65
1 "	George Jerry	"	1 60
1 "	Gallagher Frank	"	[illegible]
112	Huston Jno	"	84 90
1 "	Hombach Ed	"	1 74
1 "	Jarvy Peter	"	2 79
1 "	Jenck Peter	"	[illegible]
400	Kline Jno	"	1 40
252	Kline Jno J	"	2 24
1 "	Klingerman Fred	"	2 79
2 "	Kaufelder Geo	"	16 80
1 "	Lindermuth Geo D	"	1 44
1 "	McGuire Terrence	"	18 71
1 "	Morrison James	"	1 24
52	Marr & Morris	"	83 9
7	Marr H S	"	23 45
1 "	McManamon Peter	"	2 90
1 "	Murphey Anthony	"	2 15
1 "	" Richard	"	2 25
1 "	" Ann	"	2 23
270	Jordan Rob Trust	"	65 12
282	Porter Andrew	"	63 00
385	Walker Lewis	"	104 20
8	"	"	9 74
170	Ruston Thos	"	45 65
280	" Mary	"	108 47
1 "	Shively Matthew	"	2 25
2 "	Trembach Lewis	"	1 29
100	Trick Jacob	"	66 47
100	"	"	41 89
	Yocum Frank	"	5 42
401	Young John	"	274 54
70	Jacoby John	Fishingcreek	4 47
150	Doty Peaker & Stewart	"	7 75
200	"	"	10 4
91	Pierce & Crawford	"	2 00
163½	Rishe John	"	2 00
200	Dollman & Fritz	"	2 29
200	Hulme Wm	"	22 00
99	Harrison John	"	11 68
18-36	Kramer Wm	"	1 61
200	Kindt John & Co	"	9 20
140	Lemon Thomas	"	6 44
60	McHenry D & C B	"	2 15
53	" Ed est & to	"	2 30
15	Preston Elford	"	1 96
300	Peaker & Doty & Stewart	"	16 56
30	Peaker Doty	"	3 44
57	Cleaver Wellington	Franklin	7 08
60	Hower Moses	"	19 92
64	Albertson A C & Baily	Greenwood	35 55
1½	Barry James Est	do	27 00
3 lots	Beagle George	do	2 66
10	Eves Calvin Jr	do	2 10
1 lot	" Mary R	do	40
6	Musgrave McKelvy	do	30
12 lots	Miller Isaac	do	1 20
1 "	Masters William	do	1 90
1 "	Parker H & Ester	do	25
25	Barton Newton	Hemlock	6 21
23	Campbell L N	do	4 98
28	Knorr H A J	do	7 47
10	Evans S J	do	2 49
78	Harris Jacob est	do	5 60
7	Ivey William	do	1 22
30	Neal & Pursell	do	4 98
20	Pursell Isaac G	do	3 14
20	" Sylvester	do	3 14
5	Werkhiser Peter sr	do	70
75	Whitenight George Jr	do	4 36
5	Frick Geo A	Jackson	6 20
300	" "	do	37 20
100	Hess Benjamin	do	9 40
8	Kester John Jr	do	1 28
20	Kester John R	do	4 34
25	Lewis Daniel	do	79
3	Miller Chas W	do	94
25	Miller & Neyhard	do	21 59
216	" "	do	18 70
22	Beaver Geo & J L Kline	Locust	1 51
200	Billington Thomas	do	16 66
50	Cewal George	do	3 05
80	Fisher John	do	4 09
25	Hughes Wright	do	22 83
64	Keller Richard	do	2 40
108	Kline J L & G Rupp	do	9 82
4	Levan Savilla	do	1 91
200	Myers Mary	do	8 06
100	Ruston Thomas	do	4 4
100	Reese Daniel	do	8 06
200	Ruston Mary	do	8 06
200	Ruston Charlotte	do	8 06
200	Reynolds John	do	8 06
20	Bechtel Jacob	Madison	36
200	Freeze John G	do	26 0
50	Masters D & W	do	1 65
24	Brockway & Ent	Main	4 73
7	Wm. T. Shuman	do	66
20	Confair & Rice	do	1 6
20	Dewalt Philip	do	7 47
100	Hosler Jacob	do	6 70
300	Mann C F	do	73 20
4	Masteller Joseph	do	81
229	Shuman Reuben	do	9 89
483	Shuman W T	do	73 75
150	Yetter Daniel est	do	6 36
100	Yetter Isaac	do	3 28
100	Shultz Christian	do	3 28
5	Aten John	Mifflin	78
60	Bittenbender Mary	do	4 37
51	Creasy Henry	do	5 59
67	Dumbach Mami	do	27
67	Hess Priscilla	do	2 72
75	Hess L D	do	2 91
70	Jacoby O A	do	4 40
12	Kikendall N	do	46
200	Keller John	do	7 80
10	Mensch Emeline	do	92
100	Nungesser Geo	do	7 80
5	Ponebecker & Myer	do	1 38
128	Schweppenhiser I K	do	4 08
25	" Abe	do	2 91
	" Horace	do	[illegible]
4	Swank S H	do	1 71
67	Yohe Jacob est	do	2 72
15	Yohe Henry	do	1 28
30	Clark Andrew	Montour	7 28
30	Clark Mary	do	4 81
15	Giger John est	do	7 28
10	Grove Bros	do	6 80
25	Rishel Jonathan sr	do	2 90
	Ramsey's est 6-7	do	29
60	Beagle John	Mt. Pleasant	1 92
8	Fisher Jacob	do	26
5	Mason C	do	16
8	Mellick John	do	3 57
60	Mellick Henry W	do	4 77
12	Miller Andrew H	do	1 60
70	Walter D J	do	22 96
10	Wilson Julia	do	[illegible]
8	Creveling Sam	Orange	1 66
12	Diddoe Abram	do	2 80
20	Everet Moses	do	5 61
19	Everet Gabriel	do	6 40
20	Kline Abram	do	4 50
5	Kline A J	do	1 40
[illegible]	[illegible]	do	4 07
24	Bluk J F	do	4 50
25	Snyder Wm	do	2 02
6	Chamberlin Hannah	Pine	3 30
	Davis Thomas est	do	3 07
	Dean George	do	3 60
229	Frick Geo A	do	10 19
	Frick Leggett & Co	do	3 23
15	Gardner Henry sr	do	16 05
	Heath Sylvester P	do	1 81
20	Jacoby O A	do	6 70
30	Kline & Patterson	do	24 34
85	Warner Margaret P	do	16 7
2	Young Sam	do	08
60	Berns Thomas	Roaringcreek	2 96
400	Brelsch Jacob	do	2 61
100	[illegible]	do	5 21
50	Beaver Geo & J L Kline	do	2 66
	Billmeyer Ezekiel	do	1 72
400	Frick & Shuman	do	17 0
200	Beffron Samuel	do	13 65
[illegible]	[illegible]	do	1 74
100	Huston John part of	do	4 35
7	Gottshall Israel	do	[illegible]
44	Little Robert	do	5 1
145	Norris & Hughes	do	6 9
13	"	do	1 7
10	"	do	[illegible]
45	"	do	1 95
3	"	do	89
100	Wellington Wm	do	4 35
25	"	do	1 21
40	Robb J Miller	do	1 74
60	"	do	2 61
18	Skate Henry	do	2 94
58	Tyler Jacob	do	2 17
42	Yocum Elijah	do	1 74
24	"	do	43
2	Pursell John	Scott	2 99
1 lot	Seiberg Peter est	do	27
	" Turner John	do	60
200	Buckalew James est	Sugarloaf	35 10
54	Cole Frederick	do	19 63
400	Doebler Chas	do	37 80
187	Cross Nathaniel	do	51 59
200	Gray Robert	do	18 9
38	Hoffman [illegible]	do	2 37
125	Creveling S & Co	do	18 90
of 119	Hess Wesley	do	6 3
of 119	"	do	6 30
of 119	"	do	12 60
15	Lobach Em & S Bower	do	9 45
160	Montgomery Robt	do	40 56
15	Stephens Wm M	do	10 80
	& Yable Henry	do	2 61
18	Young Abe	do	3 69

Treasurer's Sale of Seated Lands in Columbia county.

Also the following lots, pieces and parcels of seated lands, returned by the tax collectors, are to be sold at the same time, under the provisions of an Act of Assembly, entitled, "An act relating to the sale of lands for taxes in Columbia county," approved March 5th, 1868.

Acres.	Warrantee or owner.		Tax.
27	Crouse Stephen	Beaver	1 89
1	Shriver Henry	do	1 20
27	Benjamin S J	Benton	3 14
[illegible]	[illegible]	do	8 53
59	Conner Catharine	do	24 00
45	" Mathias	do	14 17
2 lots	McHenry Russel	do	2 80
5	Masters Parvin	do	22 80
14	McNeal Abram	do	1 94
13	Mulligan Stoch	do	3 69
15	Doty & Peaker	Briarcreek	16 88
12	Hawk J W	do	19 42
49	Hughes E W	do	9 20
8	Kocher Maria	do	2 01
1 lot	Andrews Harriet	Bloom	8 10
"	Kline Susan	do	6 30
"	Prentis Nancy	do	2 25
	Loss Purcell E B	do	83 24
1 lot	Thomas Jno	do	3 8
5 lots	Walter Norman	do	27 97
1 acre	Arnot Noah	Catawissa	2 00
1 lot	James John	Centralia	2 50
lots	Freas Andrews est	Centre	45
1 acre	Kikendall & Creasy	do	79
1 lots	Brennan Jacob	Conyngham	5 10
1 "	Meghen Peter	do	60
1 "	Crane Dominick	do	40
1 "	Levelle M M	do	1 40
1 "	Winn Dennis	do	2 10
1 "	Knittle Jonathan	do	19 21
1 "	Burk John Mrs	do	6 00
1 "	Culp Philip Mrs	do	19 80
1 "	Davison David	do	19 80
1 "	Kreamer & W	do	19 41
1 "	Morgan William	do	6 60
1 "	Brown Fred	do	6 80
1 "	Hummel Jack	Greenwood	1 75
6 acres	Ebner William	Hemlock	3 20
15 "	Cullen Isaac est	do	9
10 "	Horn Wm	Jackson	5 37
1 lot	Ellis Wm A	Madison	3 96
20 acres	Wintersteen John	do	5 00
1 lot	Piler Wm	Mifflin	1 22
6 acres	Walter D J	Mt Pleasant	11 40
11 "	Bildoy George	Orange	6 87
2 "	Dawson Hannah	Pine	2 66
12 "	Young David	do	70
28 "	Greenly Richard est	do	3 44
28 "	Watts Jno W	do	2 44
1 lot	Bear S H	Scott	1 80
4½ acres	Rittenhouse Joseph	do	1 80
1 lot	Hartman Miner	Sugarloaf	1 38

H. W. McREYNOLDS, Treasurer.

BLANK NOTES, with or without exemption for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF JOHN EVELAND, DECEASED

Letters of Administration on the estate of John Eveland, late of Fishingcreek township, Col. co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator, to whom all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the estate will make them known to the administrator without delay.

M. A. AMMERMAN, Administrator, Forks, Pa.

may 3d, 1878-6w

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Moses Hower has been appointed assignee of David S. Hower of Catawissa for the benefit of creditors, &c. All persons therefore, indebted to the said David S. Hower, will make payment to the said assignee and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

W. L. EYERLY, Att'y. for Assignee.
MOSES HOWER, Assignee.

may 3, 1878-4w

EXECUTORS' NOTICE

ESTATE OF DANIEL HAGENBUCH, DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Daniel Hagenbuch, late of Centre township, Columbia Co. Pa. deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Frederick Hagenbuch, Espy, and Frank H. Hagenbuch, Lime Ridge, Executors, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the said executors without delay.

FREDERICK HAGENBUCH, Espy,
FRANK H. HAGENBUCH, Lime Ridge,
Executors.

april 26 '78-6w*

NOTICE TO CONSUMERS —OF— LORILLARD TOBACCO

The Tin Tag Smoking "T" is "second to none" in aroma, mildness, purity & quality.

The celebrity of our TIN TAG TOBACCO has caused many imitations thereof to be placed on the market, we therefore caution all Chewers against purchasing such imitations.

All dealers buying or selling other plug tobacco bearing a hard or metallic label, render themselves liable to the penalty of the law, and all persons violating our trade marks are punishable by fine and imprisonment. SEE ACT OF CONGRESS AUG. 14, 1876.

The genuine LORILLARD TIN TAG TOBACCO can be distinguished by a TIN TAG on each lump with the word LORILLARD stamped thereon.

Over 7,088 tons tobacco sold in 1877, and nearly 3,000 persons employed in factories.

Taxes paid Gov'm't in 1877 about $3,500,000, and during the past 12 years, over $20,000,000.

These goods sold by all jobbers at manufacturers rates.

march 8, 1878-3m R&co

Dauchy & Co's. Advt's.

Sure Reward.

5 YEARS TO PAY FOR A FARM.
$4 TO $10 PER ACRE.
Beech and Maple Land in Michigan in the Million Acre Grant of the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad Company.
TITLE PERFECT.
Strong soil—sure crops—plenty of timber—no drought—no chinch bugs—no "hoppers."
RUNNING STREAMS—PURE WATER—READY MARKETS SCHOOLS—RAILROAD COMPLETED THROUGH THE CENTRE OF THE GRANT.
Send for pamphlet, *English or German*
Address W. O. HUGHART, LAND COMMISSIONER, GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.
april 12, 1878-22w d

50 Diamond Star, Egg, Rose and Floral Cards 15c., with name. Seccombe & Co., Kinderhook, N. Y. may 10, '78-4w d

$50 For a case of CATARRH That Sanford's Radical Cure for Catarrh will not instantly relieve and speedily cure. References, Henry Wells, Esq., Wells, Fargo & Co., Aurora, N. Y.; Wm. Bowen, Esq., McBatton, Grant & Bowen, St. Louis.
$50 Testimonials and treatise by mail. Price, with improved Inhaler $1. Sold everywhere. WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.
may 10, 1878-4w d

Celebrated Library EXTENSION LAMP!

Adapted to any room high or low ceiling. Lowered to table when in use, and raised by merely touching. PERFECTLY SAFE FROM FALLING. Lights without removing chimney. Quite as convenient as gas, and at ¼ the expense. The same extension principle is applied to all our chandeliers not exceeding 6 lights. The advantages are: Increased light with same consumption of oil, by having the light where wanted: safety, cannot be knocked over or upset. The extension machinery is simple, and cannot possibly give way. Cuts of Extension lamp and chandeliers of all styles furnished free. We sell all lamps having merit.

A. J. WEIDENER, Dealer in LAMPS and GLASSWARE, 36 S. Second street, Philada.
may 10, '78-4w

ORGANS Highest honors at all World's Exhibition. LATEST CATALOGUE and CIRCULARS, with new styles, reduced prices and much information SENT FREE. MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., Boston, New York or Chicago. d may 24, '78-4w

PIANO Beautiful Concert Grand Pianos price $1600 only ORGAN $425. Superb Grand Square Pianos, price $1,100 only $255. Elegant Upright Pianos, price $800 only $155. New Style Upright Pianos $112.50 Organs $35. Organs 12 stops $72.50. Church Organs 16 stops price $390 only $115. Elegant $375 Mirror Top Organs, only $105. Buyers come and see me at home if I am not as represented R. R. Fare paid both ways and Piano or Organ given free. Large Illus. Newspaper with much information about cost of Pianos & Organs sent free. Please address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, New Jersey.
may 24, '78-4w d

NEW RICH BLOOD!

Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor Me. d may 24, '78-4w

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco!

Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that Jackson's Best is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free, to C. A. Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.

G. F. WARDLE, General Agt., Philadelphia.
may 24, '78-4w d

PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS.
Printed at this Office
ON SHORTEST NOTICE AND AT THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

[Continued from 1st page]

Lawbach Samuel, August 30, 1864, died December 30, 1864, buried in National Cemetery City Point Virginia, section C, division 3, grave 39.
Miller Henry, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Mills James R, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Maury Daniel, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Manning Robert, September 2, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Marteeny Henry, September 1, 1864, died at City Point, Virginia, January 23, 1865.
McCommons Peter, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
McBride William B, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Ormsby William A, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Pealer Jacob M, September 2, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Pealer Samuel J, August 31, 1863, discharged by general order March 12, 1865.
Potter Gustavus A, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Parks Andrew H. September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Peifer George, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Palmer Uriah, September 2, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Pursel Robert, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Rupert Richard, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Royer William, August 31, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Robbins James P, August 27, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Rantz Philip, September 2, 1864, died at City Point, Virginia, January 18, 1865.
Schuyler Lewis H, September 2, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Stewart Edward, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Segar William, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Shutt Henry, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Shaffer John, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Slife Lepo, August 30, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Sharp John, September 12, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Stadden Joseph H, September 1, 1865, discharged by special order April 3, 1865.
Smith Loomis B, September 2, 1864, deserted September 7, 1864.
Thomas William, September 9, 1864, died at Alexandria, Virginia, April 20, of wounds received at Petersburg, April 2, 1865.
Unangst William H, September 2, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Unangst Abraham, September 2, 1864, wounded at Fort Steadman, Virginia, March 25, 1865, discharged by general order June 24, 1865.
Vanover Samuel, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Warner John B, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Wenner Thomas, September 9, 1864, wounded at Fort Steadman, Virginia, March 25, 1865, discharged by general order June 19, 1865.
Whitmire Amos, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Weaver Samuel A, August 31, 1864, wounded at Fort Steadman, Virginia, March 25, 1865, discharged by general order June 20, 1865.
Yocum Miles S, September 9, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.
Yinger George, September 1, 1864, mustered out May 31, 1865.

The Regiment was organized at Camp Curtin, September 16, 1864. It was then sent to the front and was engaged in fatigue and picket duty, seeing some service, however. On the 25th March, 1865, occurred the battle at Fort Steadman, in which the regiment behaved very gallantly. On the 2nd April Fort Sedgwick was captured after a severe contest. Engaged thereafter in railway work, to Nottoway Court House, where it remained till April 20th. Thence to City Point, thence to Alexandria, where it went into camp, and on May 31, 1865, was mustered out.

Young Folks.

Sam's Birthday.

On the nineteenth of last month, Sam could and would have testified, from information and belief, that he was "eighteen yeahs ol,' gwine on nine;" but on the morning of the twentieth, that interesting infant of color was informed by his mother that he was "nine yeahs ol', gwine on ten.

"Hoo-ee!" he cried, "whut a pow'ful while I mus' ha' slep'! Or else I grows wuss ah' dat ar Jonu's gourd you tol' me 'bout, whut wuz only a *teenchy* leetle simblin at night, and got big as de hen-house afore mornin'—early sun up. Hm! hey! look heah, mammy, is I skipped any Christmusses?"

"No, chile," replied his mother; "you aint skipped nuffin. Dis is yo' buff-day; de 'fects ob which is, dat it 's des so many yeahs sence you wuz fust borned. I don't know how't 'll be, Sam,—folks is sim'lar to de cocoa-grass, whut grows up mighty pear', tell 'long come somebody wid a hoe to slosh it down.—but ef you libs long enough, an' nuffin happens, you'll keep on habbin a buff-day ebry yeah wunst a yeah till you dies. An' ebry time you has one, son, you'll be one yeah older."

"Fine way to get gray-headed," said Sam.

At this moment a mighty crash resounded from the kitchen, down-stairs, and Aunt Phillis descended the steps with great precipitation. Then Sam heard her shouting, angrily:

"You, Bose! Oh, you bettah git, you mean ole no-'count rascal! I do 'spise a hun' dog!"

Sam went on with his toilet, musing, the while, upon the probability of his ever getting to be as old as Uncle "Afrikin Tommy," who was the patriarch of the plantation, and popularly supposed to be "cluss onto" two hundred years of age; and who was wont to aver that when he arrived in that part of the country, when he was a boy, the squirrels all had two tails apiece, and the Mississippi River was such a small stream that people bridged it, on occasion, with a fence-rail. Thus meditating upon the glorious possibilities of his future, Sam got ready for breakfast, and went down. It was not until he had absorbed an enormous quantity of fried pickled-pork and hot corn-cakes, and finally with reluctance ceased to eat, that his mother told him what had caused the noise a little while before,—how old Bose, the fox-hound, had with felonious intent come into the kitchen, and surreptitiously "supped up" the chicken-soup that had been prepared for Sam's birthday breakfast; and further, how the said delinquent had added insult to injury, by contemptuously smashing the bowl he had emptied.

Sam, however, was too true a philosopher to cry long over spilt milk—or soup. He reflected that the breakfast he had just taken would prevent his eating any soup, even if he had it. "I isn't injyrubber," said he to himself, with which beautiful and happy thought his frown was superseded by a smile, the smile developed into his normal grin, and he began to chant an appropriate stanza from one of his favorite lyrics:

"O-o o-old Uncle John!
A a-a-aunt Sally Goodin!
When you got enough corn-bred
It's des as good as puddin'."

The excellent Aunt Phillis was much affected by this saint-like conduct on the part of her son. She sighed: fearing that the boy was too good to live.

"Nemmind, Sam," said she; "you needn't tote no wood to-day, or fetch no water, or do nuffin. Go down to de quarters, and git Pumble to play wid you."

Pumble was a boy who in age and taste corresponded closely with Sam, as he did in complexion. His real name, at full length, was Pumblechook,—he having been so christened at the instance of Mabs'r George in honor of the immortal corn-and-seedsman. Off went Sam in search of his boy; and he found him at the back of the maternal mansion, splitting up pine knots for kindlings. Sam approached him with a very slow, dignified step, and a look of commiseration.

"Hey, nigger!" said Sam, "dat 's all you fit for, is to work. Why don't you be a gemman like me, whut aint-a-gwine to do a lick o' work dis whole day?"

"Done runned away, is you?" answered Pumble. "Well, I'll come round dis ebenin, when de ole ooman gibs you a dose ob hickory-tea."

"Dat'll do, boy;" said Sam. "Let you know dis is my buff day, an' I wont work for nobody, on my buff-day. Go ax yo' mamma kin you come up an' play wid me; tell her my mammy sont word for you to come."

Pumble dropped the hatchet, started ecstatically, and ran in to obtain the desired permission. It was granted. Then this dialogue occurred:

"Be a good chile!"
"Yes 'm."
"Don't forgit yo' manners!"
"Nome."
"'Member you's my son!"
"Yes 'm."
"Don't you git into no mischuf!"
"Nome."
"Ef you dose, I'll w'ar you out, sah! Now go 'long!"

The boys trotted merrily away together. But they had not gone fifty rods before they heard Pumble's mother calling him. They stopped to listen.

"*Take—keer—ob yo'—clo's!*" she shouted, and then went back into her house.

Under a great pecan-tree, on the lawn before the "big house," Sam and Pumble sat down to consider and consult, or, as they expressed it, "to study up whut us gwine to do."

"Shill I tell a story?" asked Pumble.

"Does you know a good one?" inquired Sam.

"Dis story's gwine to be a new one," said Pumble, "beakase I'll make it up as I go 'long."

"Tell ahead," said Sam.

"Wunst upon a time—"began Pumble.

"What time?" interrupted Sam.

"Shut up! Wunst upon a time. Dey wuz a man. An' dis heah man lighted up he pipe, an' started out on de big road. An' he went walkin' along. Right stret along. An' walkin' along, an' walkin' along, *an'* walkin' along. An' *walkin'* along. An' walkin' along, an walkin' along—"

"Dat man wuz gwine all de way, wuzn't he?" interjected the listener.

"He hadn't got *no* way, hardly, yit," said Pumble, "but he kep' a walkin' along. An' walkin' along, an' walkin' along, an' walkin' along, an' walkin' along, an' walkin' along——."

'Stop dat walkin' now,' said Sam, 'and tell whut he done when he got froo walkin'.'

"He come to do place he wuz a-gwine to,' said Pumble,

'Did he, sho, enough?' exclaimed Sam. 'I wuz kinder skeered he wudn't nebber git dar at all. Whut did he do nex'!'

'Do nex' t'ing he done,' said Pumble, impressively, 'wuz to turn right 'round an' go back whar he come from. An' dat's all!'

As was his invariable custom when deeply impressed, Sam began to sing, Pumble joining in:

"Jay-bird a-settin
On a swingin' limb,
He wink at Stephen,
Stephen wink at him;
Stephen pint de gun,
Pull on de trigger,
Off go de load—
An' down come de nigger!"

—*St. Nicholas for May.*

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One of the most curious facts connected with madness is the utter absence of tears amid the insane. Whatever the form of madness, tears are conspicuous by their absence, as much in the depression of melancholia, or the excitement of mania, as in the utter apathy of dementia. If a patient in a lunatic asylum be discovered in tears, it will be found that it is either a patient beginning to recover or an emotional outbreak in an epileptic who is scarcely truly insane, while actually insane patients appear to have lost the power of weeping; it is only returning reason which can once more unloose the fountain of their tears. Even when a lunatic is telling one in fervid language how she has been deprived of her children, or the outrages that have been perpetrated on herself, her eye is never even moist. The ready gush of tears which accompanies the plaint of the sane woman contrasts with the dry eyed appeal of the lunatic. It would indeed seem that tears give relief to feelings which, when pent up, lead to madness. It is one of the privileges of reason to be able to weep. Amid all the misery of the insane they can find no relief in tears.—*British Medical Journal.*

A private letter from London says: 'Captain Schenley died a few days ago. He was, with the exception of Trelawney, who is still living, the last survivor of the party of friends, including Lord Byron and Leigh Hunt, who burned the body of Shelley on a funeral pile after the ancient fashion, and he was present when the poet's ashes were deposited in the Protestant burial ground at Rome, near the grave of Keats. Captain Schenley was at Waterloo, and nearly forty years ago caused great excitement in the vicinity of New York by his elopement with Miss Croghan, a noted heiress, of Pittsburg, Pa., then at school on Staten Island. He leaves an estate valued at from $7,000,000 to $10,000,000, and a large family of daughters.

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HENRY S. REAY,
MANUFACTURER,
RUPERT, PA.

MOYER BROS.
WHOLESALE AGENTS,
BLOOMSBURG, PA

May 8, '78.-1y.

WOMAN.

By an immense practice, extending through a period of years, having within that time treated many thousand cases of those diseases peculiar to woman, I have been enabled to perfect a most potent and agreeable medicine that meets the indications presented by that class of diseases with positive certainty and exactness.

To designate this natural specific compound, I have named it

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

The term, however, is but a feeble expression of my high appreciation of its value, based upon my own personal observation. As a close observer, I have, while witnessing its positive results in the few special diseases incident to the separate organism of woman, singled it out as the climax or crowning gem of my medical career. On its merits, as a positive, safe, and effectual remedy for this class of diseases, and one that will, at all times and under all circumstances, act kindly and in harmony with the laws which govern the female system, I am willing to stake my reputation as a physician. Nay, even more, so confident am I that it will not disappoint the most sanguine expectations of a single invalid lady who uses it for any of the ailments for which I recommend it, that I offer and sell it under A POSITIVE GUARANTEE. If a beneficial effect is not experienced by the time two-thirds of the contents of the bottle are used, I will, on return of the bottle, two-thirds of the medicine having been taken according to directions, and the case being one for which I recommend it, promptly refund the money paid for it. Had I not the most perfect confidence in its virtues, I could not offer it as I do under these conditions; but having witnessed its truly miraculous cures in thousands of cases, I feel warranted and perfectly safe in risking both my reputation and my money on its merits.

The following are among those diseases in which my Favorite Prescription has worked cures, as if by magic, and with a certainty never before attained by any medicine: Leucorrhœa, Excessive Flowing, Painful Monthly Periods, Suppressions when from unnatural causes, Irregularities, Weak Back, Prolapsus, or falling of the Uterus, Anteversion and Retroversion, Bearing Down Sensations, Internal Heat, Nervous Depression, Debility, Despondency, Threatened Miscarriage, Chronic Congestion, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Uterus, Impotency, Barrenness, or Sterility, Female Weakness, and very many other chronic diseases incident to woman not mentioned here. In all affections of this nature, my Favorite Prescription works cures—the marvel of the world. This medicine I do not extol as a cure-all, but it admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most perfect specific in all chronic diseases of the sexual system of woman. It will not disappoint, nor will it do harm, in any state or condition.

Those who desire further information on these subjects can obtain it in THE PEOPLE'S COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER, a book of over 900 pages, sent, post-paid, on receipt of $1.50. It treats minutely of those diseases peculiar to Females, and gives much valuable advice in regard to the management of those affections.

FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

sep. 28, '77-tf

Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets

Sugar-Coated, Concentrated, Root and Herbal Juice, Anti-Bilious Granules. THE "LITTLE GIANT" CATHARTIC, or Multum in Parvo Physic.

[illegible] of modern Medical, Chemical, and Pharmaceutical science. No use of any longer taking the large, repulsive, and nauseous pills, composed of cheap, crude, and bulky ingredients, when we can, by a careful application of chemical science, extract all the cathartic and other medicinal properties from the most valuable roots and herbs, and concentrate them into a minute Granule, scarcely larger than a mustard seed, that can be readily swallowed by those of the most sensitive stomachs and fastidious tastes. Each little Purgative Pellet represents, in a most concentrated form, as much cathartic power as is embodied in any of the large pills found for sale in drug-shops. From their wonderful cathartic power, in comparison to their size people who have not tried them are apt to suppose that they are harsh or drastic in effect; but such is not at all the case, the different active medicinal principles of which they are composed being so harmonized and modified, one by the others, as to produce a most searching and thorough, yet gently and kindly operating, cathartic.

$500 Reward is hereby offered by the proprietor of these Pellets, to any chemist who, upon analysis, will find in them any calomel or other forms of mercury, mineral poison, or injurious drug.

Being entirely vegetable, no particular care is required while using them. They operate without disturbance to the constitution, diet, or occupation. For Jaundice, Headache, Constipation, Impure Blood, Pain in the Shoulders, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations from the Stomach, Bad taste in the mouth, Bilious attacks, Pain in region of Kidneys, Internal Fever, Bloated feeling about Stomach, Rush of Blood to Head, High-colored Urine, Unsociability and Gloomy Forebodings, take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. In explanation of the remedial power of my Purgative Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, I wish to say that their action upon the animal economy is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative impress. Age does not impair the properties of these Pellets. They are sugar-coated and inclosed in glass bottles, their virtues being thereby preserved unimpaired for any length of time, in any climate, so that they are always fresh and reliable. This is not the case with those pills which are put up in cheap wooden or pasteboard boxes. [illegible] all diseases where a Laxative, Alterative, or Purgative, is indicated, these little Pellets will give the most perfect satisfaction to all who use them.

They are sold by all Druggists at 25 cents a bottle.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

sep. 28, '77-tf

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The Lightest Running,
The Simplest,
The Most Durable,
The Most Popular
OF
SEWING MACHINES.

It is easily understood, makes the double-thread lock-stitch, *has* self-regulating tensions *and* take-up, *and will do the* whole range of family work without change.

The "Domestic" is made in the most durable manner, with conical steel bearings and compensating journals throughout.

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PAPER FASHIONS.

These popular PATTERNS *for ladies', misses', and children's dress, are cut on a system superior to any in use, and can be understood by any one. Full directions and illustrations on each envelope.*

Send Five Cents for illustrated Catalogue of 1000 Fashions.

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Sewing Machine Co., New York.

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Agent "Domestic" Paper Fashions

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December 14, 1877-1y

PATENTS.

F. A. Lehmann, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, Washington, D. C. All business connected with Patents, whether before the Patent Office or the Courts, promptly attended to. No charge made unless a patent is secured. Send for a circular.

May 8, '77-tf b & w

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS,
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS,
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS,
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS,
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
OF WILD CHERRY,
OF WILD CHERRY,
OF WILD CHERRY,
FOR SORE THROAT
FOR SORE THROAT
FOR SORE THROAT
FOR SORE THROAT
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
Of Wild Cherry,
Of Wild Cherry,
Of Wild Cherry,
Of Wild Cherry,
For Hoarseness and Croup
For Hoarseness and Croup
For Hoarseness and Croup
For Hoarseness and Croup
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
Of Wild Cherry,
Of Wild Cherry,
Of Wild Cherry
Of Wild Cherry,
For Whooping Cough
For Whooping Cough
For Whooping Cough
For Whooping Cough
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
Of Wild Cherry,
Of Wild Cherry,
Of Wild Cherry,
Of Wild Cherry,
For Asthma and Influenza,
For Asthma and Influenza,
For Asthma and Influenza,
For Asthma and Influenza,
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM,
Of Wild Cherry
Of Wild Cherry
Of Wild Cherry,
Of Wild Cherry,
For Bronchitis and Consumption,
For Bronchitis and Consumption,
For Bronchitis and Consumption,
For Bronchitis and Consumption,
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry,
For pain in the side and breast,
For pain in the side and breast,
For pain in the side and breast,
For pain in the side and breast,
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry,
For Difficulty of Breathing,
For Difficulty of Breathing,
For Difficulty of Breathing,
For Difficulty of Breathing,
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry
Of wild cherry
Of wild cherry
For Liver Complaint,
For Liver Complaint,
For Liver Complaint,
For Liver Complaint,
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry,
For all Diseases of the
For all Diseases of the
For all Diseases of the
For all Diseases of the
Throat, Lungs and Chest,
Throat, Lungs and Chest,
Throat, Lungs and Chest,
Throat, Lungs and Chest,
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
USE WISTAR'S BALSAM
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry,
Of wild cherry,
50c. and $1 a bottle.
50c. and $1 a bottle.
50c. and $1 a bottle.
50c. and $1 a bottle.
Sold by all Druggists.
Sold by all Druggists.
Sold by all Druggists.
Sold by all Druggists.

Dr. A. G. OLIN'S Private Hospital, 165 East Washington St., Chicago, Ill., for the cure of all Diseases of a Private nature, resulting from early abuses or infection of either sex. Seminal Weakness producing Emissions, Loss of Memory, Impaired Sight, Lost Manhood or Impotency, Nervous Debility, permanently cured; diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Liver, Lungs, Asthma, Catarrh, Piles, all Chronic Diseases, and DISEASES OF FEMALES, yield to his treatment. Dr. Olin has had a life-long experience, and cures where others fail. He is a graduate of the Reformed School, uses no mercury, has the largest practice in the U. S. LADIES requiring treatment with private home and board, call or write. Every convenience for patients. Send fifty cents for sample of Rubber Goods and circular of important information by express. DR. OLIN'S Female Pills, $3 per Box. Consultation free.

MARRIAGE GUIDE 272 pages. Secrets & information for the young and middle aged of both Sexes, on all diseases of a private nature. Valuable advice to the married and those contemplating marriage. How to be healthy and truly happy in the married relation. Everybody should get this book. Price 30 cents, to any address, sealed.

aug. 17, '77-1y R & C

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

May 12, 1878.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,45 a. m.
For Catawissa, 11,45 a. m. 7,20 and 7,36 p. m.
For Williamsport, 6,28 9,04 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 8,45 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia, 9,15 a. m.
Leave Reading, 11,30 a. m., Pottsville, 12,15 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa, 6,20 8,50 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.
Leave Williamsport 9,45 a.m, 2,15 p. m. and 5,00 p. m
Passengers to and from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN, General Manager.
C. G. HANCOCK, General Ticket Agent.
Jan. 14, 1876—tf.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 20th, 1873, trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail 5.20 a. m., arrive Elmira.......... 11 .7
" Canandaigua... 3.35 p. m
" Rochester....... 5.15 "
" Niagara......... 9 40 "
Renovo accommodation 11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport 12.55 p. m.
Elmira Mail 4.15 a. m., arrive Elmira 10.20 a. m.
Buffalo Express 7.15 a. m. arrive Buffalo 8.50 a. m

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express 2.50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 4.50 a. m
" Baltimore 8.40 "
Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg 1.50 p. m.
" Washington 10.30 "
" Baltimore 6.30 "
" Washington 8.30 "
Harrisburg accommodation 8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg 10.50 p. m.
arrive Baltimore 2.25 a. m
" Washington 6.13 "
Erie Mail 12.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 3.05 a. m.
" Baltimore 8.40 "
" Washington 10.35 "
††All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agen
A. J. CASSATT, General Manage

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

Time-Table No. 29, Takes effect at 4:30 A. M MONDAY, NOVEMBER 22 1875.

NORTH. p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	STATIONS.	SOUTH. a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
8 05	3 56	9 48	Scranton	9 28	2 20	6 25
8 00	3 51	9 43	Bellevue	9 48	2 25	6 30
7 55	3 49	9 38	Taylorville	9 53	2 31	6 35
7 46	3 42	9 31	Lackawanna	10 00	2 38	6 43
7 41	3 37	9 25	Pittston	10 06	2 46	6 5[illegible]
7 33	3 32	9 20	West Pittston	10 11	2 52	6 55
7 27	3 27	9 15	Wyoming	10 16	2 58	7 01
7 22	23	9 11	Maltby	10 20	3 04	7 06
7 18	3 19	9 07	Bennett	10 23	3 07	7 11
7 15	3 17	9 05	Kingston	10 27	3 10	7 15
7 15	3 17	9 15	Kingston	10 27	3 17	7 25
7 07	3 12	8 59	Plymouth June.	10 32	3 23	7 35
7 03	3 09	8 56	Plymouth	10 35	3 27	7 40
6 58	3 04	8 51	Avondale	10 40	3 32	7 45
6 54	3 01	8 48	Nanticoke	10 44	3 37	7 53
6 45	2 54	8 41	Hunlock's Creek	10 52	3 45	8 06
6 30	2 42	8 30	Shickshinny	11 05	4 00	8 25
6 15	2 30	8 19	Hick's Ferry	11 17	4 15	8 45
6 09	2 25	8 14	Beach Haven	11 23	4 21	8 55
6 02	2 19	8 06	Berwick	11 3[illegible]	4 29	9 05
5 55	2 15	8 12	Briar Creek	11 36	4 37	[illegible]
5 52	2 10	7 58	Willow Grove	11 39	4 41	6 55
5 48	2 06	7 54	Lime Ridge	11 43	4 46	7 20
5 40	1 58	7 46	Espy	11 51	4 55	7 09
5 34	1 53	7 40	Bloomsburg	11 57	5 02	7 40
5 28	1 48	7 35	Rupert	12 02	5 08	7 45
5 23	1 43	7 30	Catawissa Bridge	12 07	5 14	7 57
5 20	1 40	7 26	Clark's Switch	12 10	5 20	8 56
5 08	1 28	7 11	Danville	12 25	5 38	8 25
4 55	1 19	7 04	Chulasky	12 32	5 47	8 40
4 50	1 15	7 0[illegible]	Cameron	12 36	5 52	8 47
4 35	1 00	6 45	Northumberland	12 51	6 10	9 15
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		p.m.	p.m.	a.m.

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.
Superintendent's Office, Scranton, Dec. 10, 1875.